

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

TERRITORIAL AND MARITIME DISPUTE
(NICARAGUA v. COLOMBIA)

COUNTER-MEMORIAL OF THE
REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA

VOLUME II - B

APPENDICES

11 NOVEMBER 2008

III

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**Explanatory Note to Volume II - B
Appendices**

In preparing the annexes to this Counter-Memorial, in accordance with the provisions of Article 50 of the Rules of Court, Colombia has been mindful of Practice Direction III. Thus, it has decided not to submit all the documents it possesses evidencing its long-standing exercise of sovereignty and jurisdiction over the San Andrés Archipelago and its appurtenant maritime areas.

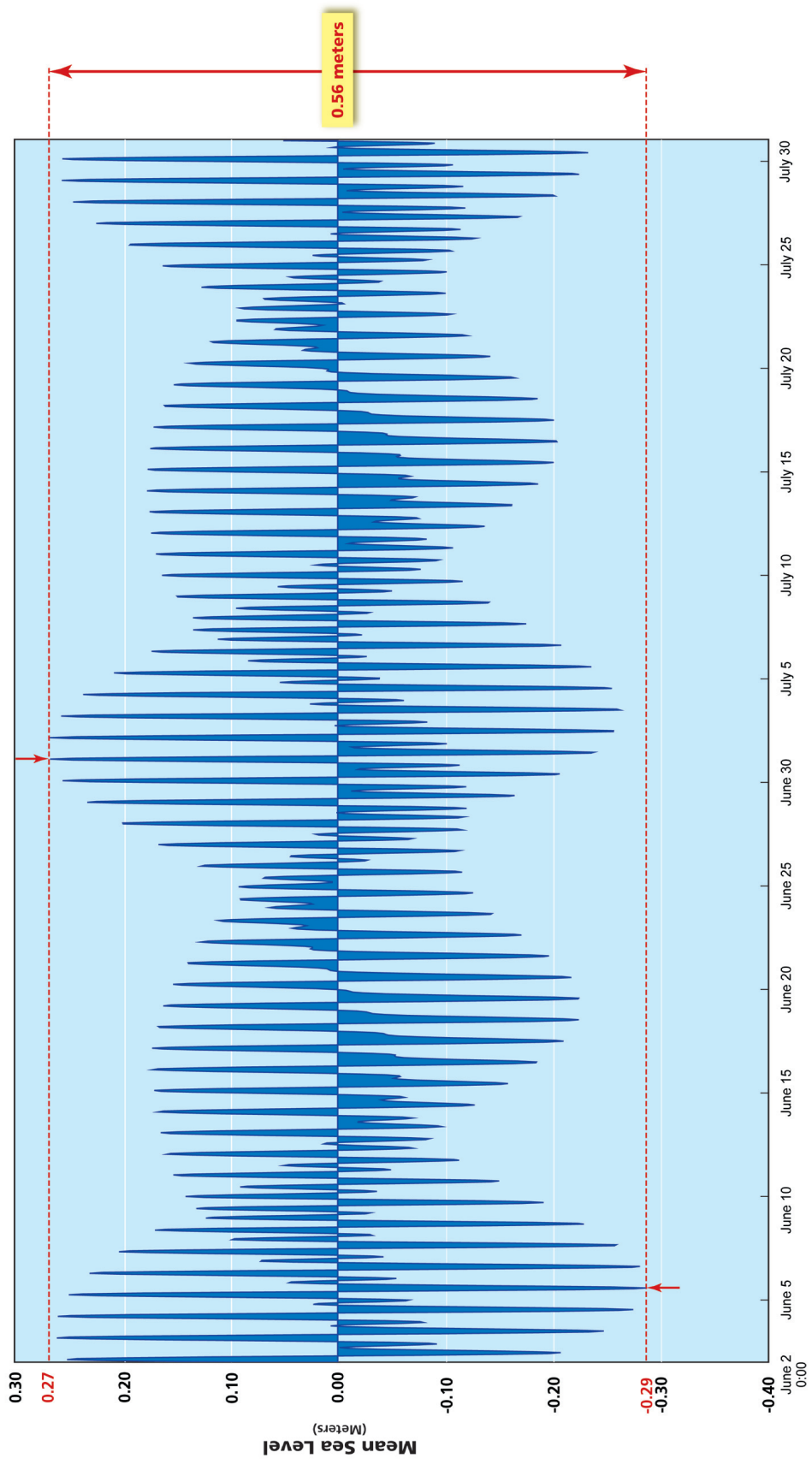
Appendices 1 to 12 contain listings of such documents.

The information contained in the present volume is fully documented. The original documents are available for submission, if the Court so requires.

Appendix 1

Tidal chart on page to follow

TIDAL RANGE OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT SAN ANDRÉS ISLAND
JUNE / JULY 2008



Appendix 2

SELECTED COLOMBIAN GEOGRAPHY PUBLICATIONS REFERRING TO THE SAN ANDRÉS ARCHIPELAGO

1871

1. The official World Geography Digest for the Use of Elementary Schools (*“Compendio de Jeografía Universal para Uso de las Escuelas Primarias”*) published in 1871, includes the following description of the Archipelago of San Andrés:

“The main islands are: On the Atlantic, San Andrés and Providencia...”¹

“TERRITORIES.

Maritime or Island Territory

(...)

This comprises the islands of San Andrés and (San Luis of) Providencia temporarily ceded by the Government of Bolívar to the Central Government, and accepted by the latter on 4 June 1868. Formerly these islands were part of the Province of Cartagena, under the name San Andrés Cantón.”²

The text continues with a general description wherein the following cays are mentioned: “Southsouth-West (East-Southeast or Alborgcators [Albuquerque]”, “Rocador [Roncador] and Quitasueños [Quitasueño]”, adding that they were “145 kilometers off the same island”.³

1873

2. The official “Basic Geography, Mathematics, Physics, Politics and Descriptive for the Schools of Colombia” (*Jeografía Elemental, Matemática, Física, Política y Descriptiva para las Escuelas de Colombia*) published in 1873, states the following:

1 F. Pérez, *Compendio de Jeografía Universal para Uso de las Escuelas Primarias de Niños y Niñas. Contiene la Jeografía Particular de los Estados Unidos de Colombia* (2nd Ed., Bogotá, Imprenta de Echeverría Hermanos, 1871), p. 78.

2 Ibid., at p. 103.

3 Ibid., at p. 103.

“Colombian Territories

218. ... and that of San Andrés and San Luis de Providencia.”⁴

“Other Territories.

285. ...San Andrés and San Luis de Providencia.- They are two islands ceded by the State of Bolívar to the Union in 1868, for twenty years, with which a Territory was formed, including the little island of Santa Catalina that is some 50 meters north off that of Providencia ...”⁵

(..)

“287. Products.- Coconuts everywhere; cotton, sugarcane, cedar, tortoiseshell, and particularly, calves and foals in Providencia. There was guano on the islet of Alburquerque, some 37 kilometers South of San Andrés, and there are still lots of it [guano] on the bank of Serrana 14 myriameters off Providencia, and Roncador Cay is a very favorable place for turtle fishing.”⁶

1879

3. In the “Geographical Dictionary of the United States of Colombia” (*Diccionario Geográfico de los Estados Unidos de Colombia*) of 1879 the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia is described as follows:

“San Andrés and Providencia. (Territory of) They are two islands in the sea of the Antilles, — The main industry is that of coconuts, that are produced in abundance, the exports of this product being calculated at \$100.000 per year. Cotton, sugarcane and some foodstuffs are also cultivated; and there is also *palo mora* [black *Clorophora tinctoria*], brazilwood and cedar in abundance; and a lot of guano on the bank of Serrana, 14 myriameters off Providencia...”⁷

1888

4. In 1888, a study of the Archipelago contained in a book on Colombian Geography, describes it as follows:

4 *Dirección Jeneral de Instrucción Pública Primaria: Jeografía Elemental, Matemática, Física, Política i Descriptiva para las Escuelas de Colombia, Oficial Edition* (Bogotá, Imprenta de Gaitán, 1873), pp. 315-316.

5 *Ibid.*, at p. 343.

6 *Ibid.*, at p. 344.

7 J. Esguerra O., *Diccionario Jeográfico de los Estados Unidos de Colombia* (Bogotá, J.B. Gaitán Editor, 1879), pp. 203-204.

“The lands that we deal with form the Archipelago of San Andrés, made up of three little islands and nine cays or banks.

The islands are: San Andrés and Old Providence (Providencia) somewhat profitable and the very small Santa Catalina; the cays or banks are: Courtown, Alburquerque, Quitasueño, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Cumbay, Bajo Nuevo and La Vela. Its group, that does not add up to a square myriameter is currently a province of Bolívar, inhabited by 4,000 people.

(...)

The Archipelago of San Andrés forms the tops of a submerged or submarine mountain range as evidenced by its coralline banks: perhaps the former is more likely given the nature of the rocks that make up its current soil.

The Archipelago is divided in three main groups, or rather tops: that of noonday, appears as a triangle formed by the cay of Alburquerque to the South, that of Courtown to the NE of the former, and the island of San Andrés to the north of that same cay; the central one, is shaped as a rectangle formed by the islands of Providencia and Santa Catalina, almost joined, and the bank of Quita-sueño, further away, to the North of San Andrés, and the banks of Roncador and Serrana, on the same line, to the East of the former and facing, respectively, Providencia and Quita-sueño; and the northernmost, forming an almost-straight line, formed by the banks of Serranilla, Nuevo, Comba and La Vela, the first located North of Serrana and the two latter ones to the very South of Jamaica...”⁸

Chapter V, entitled “The Great Cays” (*Los Grandes Cayos*)⁹ includes a detailed description of Alburquerque, Courtown, Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Serranilla and Bajo Nuevo:

“V – The Great Cays

In addition to the three described islands, the Archipelago of San Andrés comprises a large number of cays, islets or banks, all of which emerge at great distances from them and except for two that in a way depend upon San Andrés, the rest either depend upon Providencia or form another group. We will study them in this order:

1.º Alburquerque Cay’s (12º18’ latitude N., 81º45’ longitude W.) The cays of Alburquerque that are to the south and 15 miles off San Andrés, are made up by two

8 F. J. Vergara y Velasco, *Nueva Geografía de Colombia, según el sistema natural de Regiones Geográficas, Vol. I, Sec. 1, Ch. III: El Archipiélago de San Andrés - Noticia Geográfica* (Bogotá, Imprenta de Vapor de Zalamea Hermanos, 1888), pp. 1, 2.

9 *Ibid.*, pp. 15-17.

islets of rock, sand and coral banks, formerly abundant in guano, called North and South. They contain some 200 coconut trees, planted by fishermen, of national property and there is space for some 100 more. These islets are sheltered by a reef leaning over their NE and W side, forming a frame of 6½ kilometers in length, of which they are in the middle.

2.° Courtown Bank (12°31' latitude N., [81°]29'17" longitude W.) To the ESE and 37 kilometers of San Andrés is the bank of Courtown, also known as East-South-east Cay's and Albo Katou's Cay's, made up by three islets of sterile rocks and sand, rising a meter over sea level; currently they only produce weeds, although there used to be lots of coconut trees that were ravaged by the strong waves and strong storm of 1839. There is guano on them. These cays are sheltered by a reef that starts at about 1½ km south of the largest one, and that extends north over 10 kilometers. The waters where these cays emerge are very dangerous, in particular, for ships coming from New Orleans and shipwrecks are common there.

These two groups of cays are visited yearly between the months of May and August, by the fishermen of San Andrés, with the purpose of crawling tortoises that are very abundant thereon.

3.° Roncador Bank (Between 13°18' and 13°27' latitude N. and 80°3' longitude West.) This cay, that is east of and 50 kilometers off Providencia, is just a very low shoal or small islet, 80 meters long by 50 meters wide, made up of rocks, sands and coral banks and emerging 2 meters above sea level. It is a very sterile land where only certain weeds grow, o the ESE and 37 kilometers of San Andrés is the bank of Courtown, also known as East-South-east Cay's and Albo Katou's Cay's, made up by three islets of sterile rocks and sand, rising a meter over sea level; currently they only produce weeds, although there used to be lots of coconut trees that were ravaged by the strong waves and strong storm of 1839. There is guano on them. These cays are sheltered by a reef that starts at about 1½ km south of the largest one, and that extends north over 10 kilometers. The waters where these cays emerge are very dangerous, in particular, for ships coming from New Orleans and shipwrecks are common there.

4.° Serrana Bank (14°18' and 13°27' latitude N. and 81°18' longitude W.) This bank is 68 kilometers NE of Providencia and NNE off the previous one, It is made up by five islets rising 2 ½ meters above sea level. The one in the N. is 90 meters long by 45 meters wide: It is formed by rocks, coral bans and lacks vegetation. That in the SW, and larger, is 180 meters long by 76 meters wide. It is composed of sand and shredded rocks, covered in grass. It rises 7 ½ meters over the others and contains guano. The three in the S. are small and are very close to one another; the first two are sandbanks covered in grass; the third one emerges as a screen of the other two and is but a rock without vegetation.

These islets are sheltered on the NW, E, and SE, by an 11-kilometer, half moon-shaped reef, the endpoints of which are 5 km apart.

5.° Quita-sueño Bank (14°12' latitude N, 81°6' longitude W.) West of and 120 km off Serrana and N. and 90 km off Providencia. It is made up by five islets of rocks and sands, in line from N to S; it contains guano and some coconut trees. It owes its name to the peril posed to ships that approach it, if they are not very careful, due to the almost hidden oval- shaped reef surrounding it, with a 28 km radius.

These are the cays that form the group of Providencia. North of these and on a row are those of Serranilla.

6.° Serranilla Bank (15°52' lat. N. and 80°20' longitude W.) They are 430 km NE of Providencia and to the N. and 187 km off Serrana. These cays of Serranilla are made up by three banks, similar in shape and substance to those of Roncador: they are on a row towards the NE, one in the center, another to the S. and another to the NE of the central one. Close to the islet on the NE there is, on the same bank, another that they call Beacon cay....

7.° Bajo Nuevo Bank is to the E. of Serrana and 218 km off it (15°55' lat. N 79°45' long. W.) It is oval-shaped, with a radius of 23 km, analogous to that of Roncador. ...”¹⁰

1892

5. In the description of the territory of Colombia in the “New Geography of Colombia” (*Nueva Geografía de Colombia*), published in 1892 by order of the National Government, it is stated:

“Atlantic coast - ... two hundred km to the North of that coast we possess, in plain sea, the Archipelago of San Andrés (San Andrés, Santa Catalina, Providencia and several cays and islets), important because of its position and products, where English is spoken.”¹¹

1901

6. The 1901 edition of the same important official work, “New Geography of Colombia” (*Nueva Geografía de Colombia*) states as follows:

“... Two hundred kilometers North of the coast of Chiriquí [Panamá, which, at the time, was still part of Colombia] Colombia possesses, in the middle of the

¹⁰ Ibid.

¹¹ F. J. Vergara Velasco, *Nueva Geografía de Colombia. Published by order of the National Government* (Bogotá, Imprenta de Vapor de Zalamea Hermanos, 1892), p. XIII.

Caribbean Sea, the Archipelago of San Andrés (San Andrés, Santa Catalina, Providencia and numerous cays and islets), important because of its strategic position and its products ...”¹²

In this same publication, in the section titled “Appendix”, number III states as follows: “Islands: Providencia, San Andrés, Little Corn, Great Corn, Alburquerque, Courtown, Quitasueño, Serrana and Roncador”.¹³

1907

7. The official “Digest of Colombian Geography for the Use of Public and Private Schools” (*Compendio de Geografía de Colombia para Uso de las Escuelas y Colegios*), 1907 edition, paraphrases the Loubet Award whereby the limits between Colombia and Costa Rica were defined:

“Political limits.-

With Costa Rica ...As for as the outermost islands from the continent and located between the Coast of Mosquitos and the Isthmus of Panama, in particular Mangle Chico, Mangle Grande, Cays of Alburquerque, San Andrés, Santa Catalina, Providencia, Escudo de Veraguas, as well as any other islands, islets and banks that used to belong to the former Province of Cartagena, under the name of ‘Canton de San Andres’, it is understood that the territory of those islands, without excepting any of them, belong to the Republic of Colombia..”¹⁴

1914

8. The official “Course of Elementary Geography, by the Modern Inductive Cyclical System” (*Curso de Geografía Elemental por el Moderno Sistema Cíclico Inductivo*), published in 1914, contains a short review of the islands of San Andrés, in which the following description can be read:

“Archipelago of San Andrés. – Among the islands belonging to Colombia in the Sea of the Antillas that may be included in this region, we are awed by the extension and commerce pertaining to the Archipelago of San Andrés, which is com-

12 F. J. Vergara Velasco, *Nueva Geografía de Colombia Escrita por Regiones Naturales. Vol. I, First official illustrated edition* (Bogotá, Imprenta de Vapor, 1901), p. 11.

13 *Ibid.*, p. 16.

14 A. M. Díaz Lemos, *Compendio de Geografía de la República de Colombia. Texto adoptado para la enseñanza en todos los Establecimientos de educación de la República de Colombia* (Barcelona, Imprenta de Henrich y Compañía en Comandita, 1907), p. 36.

posed of the islands of San Andrés and San Luis de Providencia, Santa Catalina and the Cays of Roncador, Serranía, Serranilla, Quitasueño and other islets of lesser importance.”¹⁵

1921

9. In the booklet “Colombia Handbook” (*Colombia en la mano*), published in 1921, portraying several aspects of Colombian reality, the Archipelago is described in the following terms:

“Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia. Situation: The archipelago is composed of the islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina, Corn-Island and the cays de Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana, Serranilla, South Key, Albuquerque, Cotton Key, Grit Key, Johnie, Rocky Key, Grassi Key, East South, East Key.”¹⁶

1923

10. The 1923 edition of the official “Digest of Colombian Geography for the Use of Public and Private Schools” (*Compendio de Geografía de Colombia para Uso de las Escuelas y Colegios*), reads:

“Intendancies. The Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia is formed by the archipelago of the same name, located in the Sea of the Antilles, north of the Panamanian coasts and east of those of Nicaragua, made up by the islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina and the Cays of Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño and others of less importance.”¹⁷

1926

11. The “Geography of Colombia” (*Geografía de Colombia*) published in 1926 has the following to say on the islands:

15 J. S. Montañés, *Curso de Geografía Elemental por el Moderno Sistema Cíclico Inductivo - Primer Ciclo, escrito para las escuelas y colegios de Colombia* (1st Ed., Bogotá, Arboleda & Valencia Editores, 1914), p. 157.

16 L. Palau, *Colombia en la mano* (2nd ed., Bogotá, Casa Editorial de La Nación, 1921), p. 125.

17 C. Martínez, *Compendio de Geografía de Colombia para Uso de las Escuelas y Colegios. Directorio General de Colombia - Comercial, Geográfico, Administrativo y Estadístico Silva* (Bogotá, Casa editorial Colombia, 1923), p. 155.

“Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia. Situation. The Intendancy [of] San Andrés and Providencia is composed of the Archipelago of the same name, located in the Sea of the Antillas... The main islands of the Archipelago are those of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, and the cays of Roncador and Quitasueño.”¹⁸

1928

12. A new “Geography of Colombia, Advanced Course” (*Geografía de Colombia – Curso Superior*), describes as follows the islands of San Andrés and Providencia:

“Situation. – The Intendencia of San Andrés and Providencia is an archipelago composed of the small islands of San Andrés and Providencia, which give it its name and some more. It is located North of Panamá and East of Nicaragua. The island of San Andrés, which is the main island is some 11 Km. in length. The other islands or islets of the archipelago are: Santa Catalina, Corn island, and the cays de Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana, Serranilla, South Key, Alburquerque, Cotton Key, Grit Key, Johnie, Rocky Key, Grassi Key, East South, East Key.”¹⁹

1935

13. The book titled “Ten Lights on the Future” (*10 luces sobre el futuro*), published in 1935 contains the following description, in the section dealing with the Colombian political divisions:

“Island of San Andrés and Island of Providencia. Situation and appearance. ...The National Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia is formed by two islands and thirteen cays: San Andrés de Providencia that is the capital, and Providencia. This latter island is divided in two by a channel: Santa Isabel, municipal capital and Santa Catalina. These islands and the following cays constitute the Archipelago proper: Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño, South West Cay, or Alburquerque, East South East Cay (Bolívar Cay), Johnn [sic] Cay, Heihgn’s [sic] Cay, Cotton Cay, Grunt Cay, Rose Cay, Grassy Cay y Rocky Cay”.²⁰

1936

14. In the “Advanced Course of Geography” (*Curso Superior de Geografía*), published in 1936, in Bogotá, by Camilo Jiménez, it is stated:

18 L. Martínez Delgado, *Geografía de Colombia* (2nd ed., Bogotá, Editorial de Cromos, 1926), p. 259.

19 F.D.T., *Geografía de Colombia - Curso Superior* (Tercera edición, Cali, Procuraduría de los Hermanos Maristas, 1928), p. 71.

20 M. Roca Castellanos, *Diez Luces sobre el Futuro* (Bogotá, Editorial Renacimiento, 1935), p. 47.

“The Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia ‘...is formed by the Archipelago of the same name, located in the Sea of the Antilles, north of the Republic of Panama and East of Nicaragua...’

(...)

“The Archipelago is formed by the islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina, Corn Island and the cays of Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana, Serranilla, South Key, Albuquerque, Cotton Key, Grit Key, Johnie, Rocki Key, Grassi Key, East South, East Key...”

“The cays of Roncador, Quitasueño and Serrana were occupied by the United States in July 1919, despite the protests of the National Government that still maintains Colombia’s sovereignty over them ...”²¹

15. In the “Geography of the Republic of Colombia” (*Geografía de la República de Colombia*), by José Manuel Botero, published in 1936, the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia is described as follows:

“It is an Archipelago located in the Sea of the Antilles, North of Panama, and formed by several islands and cays. The most important are those of San Andrés and Providencia and the cays of Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Serranilla and Albuquerque...”²²

1937

16. In the “Physical Geography and of the Republic of Colombia” (*Geografía Física y de la República de Colombia*), by José Manuel Botero, published in 1937, the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia is described as follows:

“It is an Archipelago located in the Sea of the Antilles, North of Panama, and formed by several islands and cays. The most important are those of San Andrés and Providencia and the cays of Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Serranilla and Albuquerque...”²³

21 C. Jiménez, *Curso Superior de Geografía* (2nd Ed., Bogotá, Librería Col.-Camacho Roldán & Cia, S.A., 1936), p. 72.

22 J.M. Botero, *Geografía de la República de Colombia* (Medellín, Imp. Universidad, 1936), p. 152.

23 J.M. Botero, *Geografía Física y de la República de Colombia* (Medellín, Imp. Universidad, 1937), p. 198.

1938

17. The widely publicized book “Our Beautiful Colombian Country” (*Nuestro Lindo País Colombiano*) by Daniel Samper Ortega, re-edited and reprinted on several occasions between 1937 (1st edition) and 1977, stated:

“On 12°31’ latitude north and 81°42’ longitude west of the Greenwich Meridian, to the North of Panama, the east of Nicaragua and the northwest of Colombia, there exists a portion of Colombian territory named the Archipelago (a term that means part of the sea sprinkled with islands) of San Andrés and Providencia. It is formed by the islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina; the cays or flat, sandy and swampy islands of Alburquerque, Bolívar, Johnnie, Cotton, Crunt, Roncador and Quitasueño, and the banks of Serrana, Serranilla and Queena”.²⁴

1940

18. The Bulletin published by the Colombian Geographical Society, in its July 1940 edition, contains the following description of the Archipelago:

“General data, situation and appearance. - The Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia is located in the north of the Sea of the Antilles in front of the Nicaraguan coasts. Its territorial extension is 55 square kilometers and it is formed by the islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina and thirteen cays named as follows: 1° Johnny Cay 2. Courtown Cay 3° Alburquerque Cay 4° Heines Cay 5° Cotton Cay 6° Grunt Cay 7° Rose Cay 8° Grassy Cay 9° Rocki Cay 10° Roncador 11° Serrana 12° Serranilla, y 13° Quitasueño. The first nine cays mentioned above, belong to the San Andrés group, and the last four, to that of Providencia.”²⁵

1944

19. The same Bulletin, published by the Colombian Geographical Society, in its May 1944 edition, contains a study called “The Colombian Cays in the Caribbean”, the pertinent part of which reads as follows:

“The Archipelago, located in the Caribbean Sea, some 400 miles, on average, from the Colombian mainland coast, is formed by the islands of San Andrés, Vieja Providencia and Santa Catalina and by the cays of Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana, Serranilla,

24 D. Samper Ortega, *Nuestro Lindo País Colombiano - Descripción y Antología* (2nd Ed., Bogotá, Librería Colombiana, 1938), p. 106.

25 H. Mora Angueira, “Archipiélago de San Andrés”, in Academia de Ciencias Geográficas, *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia*, Vol. VI, No. 4 (Bogotá, 1940), p. 238.

Albuquerque and other lesser ones, less close to the aforementioned ones...”²⁶

1945

20. In the 1945 “New Geography of Colombia, Political, Physical and Human Aspects; work adapted to the official high-school curriculum and of general information” (*Nueva Geografía de Colombia, Aspectos Político, Físico, Humano; obra adaptada al programa oficial de bachillerato y de información general*) it is stated:

“The oceanic islands.- The Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia is located in the Caribbean Sea... The archipelago is formed by two greater islands: that of San Andrés and that of Providencia. Next to this island, there is another small one called Santa Catalina. The three islands are surrounded by banks... The banks, located to the north and northeast of the islands, are: Quitasueño, Serrana, Roca que vela, Serranilla, Alicia and Bajo Nuevo and the cays that have been given proper names in insular nomenclature are: of Albuquerque, Vigía, of the East-southeast and of Roncador, located to the south and east of the islands.”²⁷

1948

21. In 1948, the widely known book “The Far-away Archipelago” (*El Archipiélago Lejano*) stated that the Archipelago of San Andrés was formed,

“...by two groups as follows: San Andrés Group: Island of San Andrés, Johnny Islet, Bolivar islet, Albuquerque islet, Haynes islet, Algodón [Cotton] islet, Grunt Cay, Rose Cay, Grasey Cay, Rocky Cay. Providencia Group: island of Providencia, island of Santa Catalina, Roncador Cay, Serrana Cay, Serranilla Cay, Quitasueño Shoal.”²⁸

1952

22. In 1952, the work “Colombia: Advanced Geography, economic and human resources” (*Colombia: Geografía superior, económica y humana*), describes the Archipelago as follows:

26 D. Ortega Ricaurte, “Los Cayos colombianos del Caribe”, in *Academia de Ciencias Geográficas, Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia, Vol. VII, No. 3* (Bogotá, 1944), p. 279.

27 P. Vila, *Nueva geografía de Colombia: aspectos político, físico, humano y económico; obra adaptada al programa oficial de bachillerato y de información general* (Bogotá, Librería Colombiana, 1945), p. 63.

28 G. Ruiz Rivas, *El Archipiélago Lejano (San Andrés y Providencia)* (Barranquilla, Ediciones Arte, 1948), p. 113.

“Colombian Islands in the Caribbean. ...In the Atlantic we only possess as “oceanic” the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, 400 miles Northwest of Cartagena, in front of the coast of Nicaragua. It forms the Intendencia of the same name.

The Archipelago consists of two islands and thirteen cays. The islands are: San Andrés and Providencia. The latter is divided in two, separated by a channel, namely: Santa Isabel and Santa Catalina. Among the thirteen cays, the following feature: Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño, Alburquerque, Bolívar and others with English names.”²⁹

1953

23. In 1953, the “Geographical Dictionary of Colombia”, published by the central bank of Colombia (“*Diccionario Geográfico de Colombia*”) contains the following description of the islands and cays of the Archipelago:

“Alburquerque. Islet of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia in the Sea of the Antilles, located between 12°13’ Lat. N. and 7°44’ de Long. W of the Bogotá meridian.”³⁰

“Bajo Nuevo. Cays in the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia in the Atlantic Ocean. They are located close to the 16th parallel and at 4°45’ Long. W of the Bogotá meridian.”³¹

“Providencia. Island in the Atlantic Sea... it is on 13°22’54” de Lat. N. and 7°16’30” Long. E. of Bogotá... It forms the Corregimiento of Providencia and its municipal capital is Santa Isabel...”³²

“Quita Sueño. Bank of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, in the Atlantic Ocean. It extends between 14°14’ and 14°29’ Lat. N. and between 7°07’ and 7°04’ Long. W. of the Bogotá meridian.”³³

“Roncador. Cay in the Atlantic Ocean; it belongs to the Archipelago of San Andrés y Providencia. Lat. N.: It is located at 13°30’ Long.: between 5°55’ west of the Bogotá meridian (approximately)...”³⁴

29 R. Franco, Colombia: *Geografía superior, económica y humana* (Bogotá, Imprenta del Banco de la República, 1952), pp. 20-21.

30 E. J. Gómez, *Diccionario Geográfico de Colombia* (Bogotá, Imprenta del Banco de la República, 1953), p. 13.

31 Ibid., at p. 32.

32 Ibid., at p. 219.

33 Ibid., at p. 229.

34 Ibid., at p. 238.

“San Andrés and Providencia. (Int.) It is formed by a group of islands and cays that constitute the Archipelago that is the most distant of the national territories. It is located in the north of the Sea of the Antilles, in front of the Nicaraguan coasts. The island of San Andrés... is located at 12°31'40" Lat. N. and 81°43'06" Long. W. of Greenwich; 7°38'15" Long. E. of Bogotá... The Archipelago is formed by the islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, the islets of Jonny, Bolívar, Alburquerque, Haynes, Algodón [Cotton], the cays of Grunt, Rose, Grasey, Rocky, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla and the Shoal of Quitasueño...”³⁵

“Santa Catalina. Island in the Atlantic Sea, of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, is separated from the island of Providencia by a channel 200 or 300 mt. wide...”³⁶

“Serrana and Serranilla. Cays close to the island of Providencia (Int. of San Andrés and Providencia).”³⁷

1954

24. The Colombian Geographical Society, in the “Geographical Synopsis of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia (*Sinopsis Geográfica del Archipiélago de San Andrés y Providencia*), describes the Archipelago in the following terms:

“The Archipelago was created and organized as a National Intendancy by Law 52 of 1912. Located in the Caribbean Sea, it is formed by two greater Islands, 48 miles apart, called San Andrés and Providencia. Separated from the latter by an arm of sea is a small Island called Santa Catalina. The three Islands are surrounded by cays and shoals formed by coral surfacing above sea level. Besides them, the Archipelago is formed by a series of cays and shoals that may be described as follows: To the N and N.E. of Providencia: Quitasueño Bank, Serrana Bank, Roca que Vela Bank, Serranilla Bank, Alicia Bank; they are all shoals, that is, swept over by the waves and with small elevations that are enhanced in low tides and the Cays of Roncador and Serrana, within the bank of that name. To the E. and S. of San Andrés are the cays of Bolívar (Courthon Cay), Alburquerque and Vigía.”³⁸

35 Ibid., at p. 245.

36 Ibid., at p. 261.

37 Ibid., at p. 268.

38 M. J. Lobo Guerrero, “Sinopsis Geográfica del Archipelago of San Andrés y Providencia”, in Academia de Ciencias Geográficas, *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia*, Vol. XII, Nos. 3 and 4 (Bogotá, 1954), p. 193.

1955

25. The 1955 text of the “Physical and Economic Geography of Colombia” (*Geografía Física y Económica de Colombia*), describes the Intendancy of San Andrés as follows:

“General data. The intendancy is constituted by the islands of San Andres and Providencia and a group of banks and cays that, as a group, form an archipelago. This [archipelago] is located in the Atlantic Ocean, in the vicinity of the Republic of Nicaragua, and at a distance of 385 nautical miles to the northwest of Cartagena.”³⁹

26. That same year, the “Geography of Colombia – Advanced Course” (*Geografía de Colombia – Curso Superior*) describes the Archipelago as follows:

“Archipelago of San Andrés y Providencia, that forms the Intendancy of the same name, located 400 miles northwest of Cartagena. It is constituted by two islands: San Andrés and Providencia; the latter, divided by a channel, forms those of Santa Isabel and Santa Catalina. The Archipelago also has 13 cays, among which are Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño, Albuquerque and Bolívar”.⁴⁰

1956

27. The Colombian Geographical Society, in its Bulletin’s supplement, “Notebooks on Colombian Geography” (*Cuadernos de Geografía de Colombia*), in the edition dedicated to the Archipelago of San Andrés y Providencia, describes the Archipelago in the following terms:

“Geographical details. ‘The Archipelago comprises a series of banks with altitudes from 1 to 6 meters called cays, made up of coralline material and the detritus derived wherefrom. ...The two only considerable and relatively large elevations are the islands of San Andrés and Providencia. The Archipelago runs in a northeast general direction and is 500 km long. The elements that constitute it are: In the south, the island of San Andrés with the Cay of Albuquerque to the south and the Cay of the ESE to the Southeast; the island of Providencia, 80 km NNW off the island of San Andrés; the cay of Roncador and the banks of Serrana and Quitasueño, in the mid-section; and Bajo Nuevo and the Banks

39 J. Arango Cano, *Geografía Física y Económica de Colombia* (Bogotá, Antares Imprenta-Fotografado, 1955), pp. 266-267.

40 Rev. M. Gonzalo, F.S.C, *Geografía de Colombia - Curso superior* (Bogotá, Librería Stella, 1955), p. 25.

of Serranilla and Alicia in the NE.”⁴¹

1964

28. In the work edited by the Colombian Institute of Geography, *Instituto Geográfico “Agustín Codazzi”* in 1964, called “Colombia: the coasts and the insular territories” (*Colombia: las costas y las tierras insulares*), the Archipelago is described as follows:

“The archipelago is formed by three large islands and a series of banks and cays of up to 6 mt. of altitude. The islands are: to the south, San Andrés; Providencia, 80 km. NNE off the former; and to the NW of Providencia and separated from it by a narrow arm of sea, the island of Santa Catalina. The three islands are surrounded by cays, and in almost every direction around them, there are sand banks and coral reefs. To the south of San Andrés the cays of Albuquerque, Bolivar and Vigía are located; to the East-Southeast those of the ESE. To the north and north-east of Providencia are the banks and cays of Quitasueño, Serrana, Roca que Vela y Roncador; Bajo Nuevo and the banks of Serranilla and Alicia are at the northernmost border of the Archipelago.

The main cays are Sucre or Johnny Cay, Albuquerque (50 km off the main island), ESE or Courtown (25 km off San Andrés), Córdoba or Haine Cay, Santander or Cotton Cay, Grunt Cay, Grassy Cay, Rose Cay, Rocosó or Rocky Cay, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño.”⁴²

1968

29. In Number 23 of the series “Notebooks on Colombian Geography” (*Cuadernos de Geografía de Colombia*), supplement to the Bulletin published by the Colombian Geographical Society, a compilation of geographic terms of Colombia was included. Between letters N and R, the following entries are found:

“Providencia (and Santa Catalina). Group of islands in the archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia.

Providencia. Island in the archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia.

41 E. Hubach (Geologist, Director of the National Geological Institute), “Aspectos geográficos y geológicos y recursos de las islas de San Andrés y Providencia”, in *Cuadernos de Geografía de Colombia, Suplemento al Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia, N° 12* (Bogotá, 1956), p. 8.

42 D. M. Avila, *Colombia. Las Costas y las Tierras insulares* (Bogotá, Banco de Datos, Instituto Geográfico Agustín Codazzi, 1964), p. 2.

Quitasueño. Cay belonging to the group of la Providencia (San Andrés and Providencia)

Roncador. Cay belonging to the group of la Providencia and Santa Catalina, archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia.”⁴³

1969

30. In the 1969 book, “The Island of San Andrés” (*La Isla de San Andrés*) the following description of the Archipelago is made:

“The Archipelago is formed by 3 islands to wit: San Andrés or St. Andrews (formerly also known as Henrietta and St. Andreas), Providencia or Old Providence and Santa Catalina. In addition, a group of islets or cays, the elevation of which above sea level, in general, is only from 1-6 m., extends from N to S from Pedro Bank (Jamaica), until the S and SE of San Andrés, for a distance of some 500 km. These cays are essentially made up by calcareous “sand” and are: Johnny Cay, Rose Cay, Rocky Cay, Haynes Cay, Cotton Cay, East-southeast (or Courtown Cay), Albuquerque Cay, Grunt Cay, Grasey Cay, Roncador Bank, Serrana Bank, Serranilla Cay and Quitasueño Bank. (For further details on the cays and banks, see Ortega Ricaurte, 1942 and Sarmiento Alarcón y Sandoval, 1953).”⁴⁴

1972

31. On the occasion of the 150 anniversary of the integration of the Archipelago to the Republic of Colombia, the booklet “San Andrés and Providencia – Colombia, 150 Years in the life of the islands 1822–1972” (*San Andrés y Providencia – Colombia, 150 años en la vida de las islas*) was published. The following text is included:

“The Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, formed by the only oceanic islands that Colombia possesses in the Atlantic, is located northwest from the country... It is composed of the islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, the latter being separated by a 100 meters channel called Canal Aury, built in the XVII Century for defensive purposes related to both islands; the islets

43 A. D. Bateman, "Vocabulario Geográfico de Colombia Letras N - Ñ - O - P - Q - R", in Cuadernos de Geografía de Colombia, Suplemento al Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia, N° 23 (Bogotá, 1968), p. 148, 180,213.

44 Universidad Nacional, Instituto de Ciencias Naturales - Facultad de Ciencias, La Isla de San Andrés (Bogotá, Dirección de Divulgación Cultural - Publicaciones, 1969), p. 11.

Bolívar, Alburquerque, Haynes and Algodón and the cays Grunt, Johnny Cay, Rosse Grasse, Rocki, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla and Quitasueño.”⁴⁵

1973

32. The 1973 Spanish book, “Marín’s World Geography” (*Geografía Universal Marín*), volume 6 of which was titled “America and the Polar Zones” (*América y las Zonas Polares*) contains the following description of the Archipelago, in the section dealing with Colombia’s political divisions:

“The current intendancies are San Andrés and Providencia, Arauca and Caquetá. San Andrés and Providencia constitute an Archipelago the two main islands of which lend the administrative division its name, in addition to the islets or cays of Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Bajo Nuevo, Serranilla, Courtown and Alburquerque cays. The jurisdictional limit of waters of this archipelago... to the west is the 82nd meridian, separating it from the Nicaraguan Corn islands, ceded by that country to the United States.”⁴⁶

1975

33. The 1975 “Overview of Colombian Tropical Geography” (*Bosquejo de Geografía Tropical de Colombia*) contains the following description:

“Colombia’s geo-hydrography.

(...)

The oceanic islands

A submarine volcanic plateau... constitutes the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, formed by two greater islands: that of San Andrés, some 10 km long and 3-5 wide, and Providencia, 5 km long and 4 wide, and next to it, the small island of Santa Catalina. The islands are surrounded by banks, rare and barren coral elevations, and some cays.”⁴⁷

45 J. Paredes Cruz, *San Andrés y Providencia - Colombia, 150 años en la vida de las islas 1822 - 1972* (Bogotá, Ediciones Cima, 1972), p. 7.

46 *Geografía Universal Marín. Vol. 6: América y las Zonas Polares* (2nd ed., Barcelona, Editorial Marín, 1973), p. 302.

47 E. Guhl, *Colombia: Bosquejo de su geografía tropical, Vol. I* (Bogotá, Instituto Colombiano de Cultura - Biblioteca Básica Colombiana, 1975), p. 172.

1976

34. In 1976, the book “Geography of Colombia” (*Geografía de Colombia*)⁴⁸ points out in several sections the appurtenance of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia to the republic of Colombia, highlighting some of the international agreements entered into by the country with regard to those territories, portraying them as an integral part of the country:

“Special treaties...

(...)

With the United States of America: Agreement concerning the status of the banks of Serrana and Quitasueño and the cay of Roncador, appertaining to the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia.”⁴⁹

Subsequently, it refers to the Archipelago in the following terms:

“...the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia is located 720 km northwest of Cartagena and between parallels 12° and 16° N, and enclosed by the 79th and 82nd meridians in the warm Caribbean Sea.

...The banks of Serrana (14°40’ latitude N and 80°3’ longitude W) and Quitasueño (14°40’ latitude N and 81°20’ longitude W) and o Roncador cay...”⁵⁰

1977

35. The 1977 “Economic Geography of Colombia – 4th Grade. Middle School” (*Geografía Económica de Colombia – Curso 4° - Enseñanza Media*),⁵¹ in the section dealing with continental and oceanic islands, reads as follows:

“In the Atlantic we only have as “oceanic” [islands] the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, 740 km northwest of Cartagena, in front of the Nicaraguan coast. The Archipelago is formed by two islands and thirteen cays. The islands are: San Andrés and Providencia, the latter divided in two by a channel: Santa Isabel and Santa Catalina. Among the thirteen cays are those of Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño, Albuquerque, Bolívar and others.”

48 F. Arbeláez Lema, *Geografía de Colombia* (Bogotá, Editorial Norma, 1976), pp. 11, 92.

49 Ibid., at p. 11.

50 Ibid., at p. 92.

51 R. Franco R. and F. Franco B., *Geografía Económica de Colombia, curso 4° - Enseñanza media* (Medellín, Editorial Bedout, 1977), p. 11.

1978

36. The book entitled “Monography of the Archipelago of San Andrés” refers to these islands in the following terms:

“Between meridians 78 and 82 to the west of the Greenwich meridian, between parallels 12 and 16 north of the Equator, a square is formed enclosing all the islands, islets, cays and banks that form part of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia...

-The maritime features in this unit can be divided into two groups, as follows:

Group of San Andrés. 1. Alburquerque Islet. 2. Haynes or Córdoba Islet. 3. Bolívar Islet. 4. Johnny Cay or Sucre Islet. 5. Cotton Cay or Santander Islet. 6. Grunt Cay. 7. Rose or Acuario Cay. 8. Grasey Cay. 9. Rocky Cay.

Group of Providencia: 1. Island of Santa Catalina. 2. Roncador Cay. 3. Quitasueño Shoal. 4. Cay Serrana Islet. 5. Cay Serranilla Islet. 6. Bajo Nuevo.”⁵²

37. In the same year of 1978, as part of the series “From High school to College” (*Del Bachillerato a la Universidad*), a volume entitled “Abridged Geography” (*Geografía Resumida*) was published. The Archipelago is described as follows:

“Islands of San Andrés and Providencia: They are Colombia’s most important oceanic archipelago, both because of its strategic position, as well as due to its economic worth ...

They are formed by the islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina and several cays, among which are notorious those of Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana and Serranilla.”⁵³

52 F. Díaz Galindo, *Monografía del Archipiélago de San Andrés* (Bogotá. Ediciones Medio Pliego, 1978), p. 7.

53 M. Maraño, *Colección del Bachillerato a la Universidad-Geografía Resumida* (Bogotá, Editorial Norma, 1978), p. 171.

Appendix 3

LIST OF GOVERNORS, PREFECTS AND INTENDENTES OF THE COLOMBIAN ARCHIPELAGO OF SAN ANDRES, PROVIDENCIA AND SANTA CATALINA SINCE 1803

- 1803 TOMAS O'NEYLLE
- 1811 LUIS GARCÍA
- 1812 MANUEL GONZALEZ SARMIENTO
- 1818 LUIS AURY
- 1821 JUAN BAUTISTA FAIQUERE
- 1822 SEVERO COURTOIS
- 1826 ANTONIO CARDENAS
- 1827 MARCELO BUYTRAGO
- 1841 ANTONIO ESCALONA
- 1846 ANTONIO ESCALONA – Prefect
Government Bureau – Designations of Political Chiefs. Gaceta Oficial N°
774, 4 January 1846.
- 1847 FERNANDO CAMPOS – Prefect
Secretary of Government. Gaceta Oficial N° 897 of 25 July 1847.
- 1847 DIEGO C. CARO – Prefect
Official Notices – Designations. Gaceta Oficial N° 918 of 7 October
1847.
- 1848 ANTONIO ESCALONA – Prefect
Designations. Gaceta Oficial N° 988 of 15 June 1848.
- 1853 RICARDO T. BOWIE
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos,
1980) 158.

- 1863 EDUARDO MAMBY – Political Chief
Decrees of the Governorship. Crónica Oficial de la Provincia de Cartagena, N° 127, Cartagena, 19 November 1854.
- 1864 POLIDORO MARTÍNEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 158.
- 1868 FRANCISCO A. VELA – Prefect
Decree naming the Prefect of the Territory of San Andrés and Providencia, 23 September 1868. Diario Oficial N° 1343, 26 September 1868.
- 1869 POLIDORO MARTÍNEZ – Prefect
Decree whereby the Prefect of the National Territory of San Andrés and Providencia, 22 July 1871. Diario Oficial N° 2308, 1 August 1871.
- 1872 EMILIO MARTÍNEZ – Prefect
Note from the Bureau of Finance and Development of 28 October 1872 to the Secretary of the Interior and Foreign Affairs, informing of the Prefect's abandonment of his post.
- 1873 EDUARDO ARANA
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1874 JOAQUIN VALLARINO (MALLARINO)
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1875 EDUARDO MAMBY
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1876 RICHARD NEWBALL – Prefect
Decree N° 123 of 16 March 1876. Note of 1 May 1876, whereby Richard Newball informs the Secretary of the Interior and Foreign Affairs that he took office as Prefect.
- 1877 FRANCISCO CAPELLA – Prefect
Decree N° 523 of 5 September 1877. Note of 5 October 1877 whereby Francisco Capella informs the Secretary of the Interior and Foreign Affairs that he took office as Prefect.

- 1878 FELIPE FRANCO – Prefect
Note of 1 April 1878 whereby Felipe Franco informs the Secretary of the Interior and Foreign Affairs that he took office as Prefect.
- 1879 FELIPE FRANCO – Prefect
Decree N° 33 of 20 January 1879.
- 1879 LUIS CARLOS PÉREZ – Prefect
Decree N° 426 of 27 September 1879.
- 1879 MIGUEL PORRAS
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1880/83 LUIS CARLOS PIÑERES – Prefect
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159. Referred to in Decree N° 37 of 11 January 1883. Diario Oficial N° 5591 of 15 January 1883.
- 1883 FELIPE FRANCO – Prefect
Decree N° 37 of 11 January 1883. Diario Oficial N° 5591 of 15 January 1883.
- 1883 LEONIDAS TOLEDO – Prefect ad interim
Decree N° 652 of 30 June 1883. Diario Oficial N° 5767 of 10 July 1883.
- 1884 MILAGROS CORREA – Prefect
Note of 17 July 1884 from the Secretary of the Interior and Foreign Affairs, acknowledging receipt of Mr. Correa's note of 12 June whereby he informs having taken office as Prefect.
- 1884 JUAN ARIAS – Prefect
Decree N° 745 of 4 September 1884. Diario Oficial N° 6195 of 10 September 1884.
- 1886 MANUEL A. URIBE – Prefect
Correspondence of the Secretary of Government and War, informing that by Decree 111 of 1 July the civil and Military Governor of the Department has designated Mr. Uribe as Prefect.
- 1890 FRANCISCO VÉLEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.

- 1891 JUAN C. RAMÍREZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1892-97 MAXIMILIANO VÉLEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159. Note N° 28 of 31 March 1892 from the Prefecture to the Governorship of Cartagena.
- 1898 JOSE J. JIMÉNEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1899 ALEJANDRO POMBO
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1900 DOMINGO GALLARDO
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1901-04 ALEJANDRO POMBO
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1905-08 F.J. GÓMEZ PÉREZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1909-11 MAXIMILIANO VÉLEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1911 MILCIADES RODRÍGUEZ; G. JIMÉNEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1912 RODRIGO SÁNCHEZ; G. JIMÉNEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1912 GONZALO PÉREZ
Decree N° 1091 of 12 December 1912. Diario Oficial N° 14785 of 4 January 1913

- 1913 FRANCISCO NEWBALL (Provisional)
Decree N° 521 of 3 June 1913. Diario Oficial N° 14916 of 12 June 1913
- 1914 GONZALO PÉREZ; FRANCISCO NEWBALL; A. SÁNCHEZ
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1915 FRANCISCO NEWBALL – Intendente
Decree N° 486 of 11 March 1915. Diario Oficial N° 15444 of 17 March 1915. Note N° 2 of 6 April 1915, informing the Minister of Government that the Executive Branch has appointed him as Intendente of the Archipelago ad interim.
- 1916 MANUEL M. LEAL
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1917 FRANCISCO POSADA
Decree N° 1703 of 4 October 1917.
- 1918 ÁNGEL MARIA SERRANO
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159.
- 1919 MANUEL M. LEAL
Decree N° 724 of 5 April 1919. Diario Oficial N° 16704/16705, of 7 April 1919
- 1920 CARLOS A. FRANCO – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 602 of 15 March 1920. Diario Oficial N° 17101 of 17 March 1920.
- 1922 PEREGRINO GARCÍA – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 226 of 20 February 1922. Diario Oficial N° 18130 of 23 February 1922.
- 1922 RAFAEL JIMÉNEZ TRIANA – Intendente
Decree N° 993 of 14 July 1922. Diario Oficial N° 18397 of 19 July 1922.
- 1923 EUGENIO GARNICA – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 113 of 31 January 1923. Diario Oficial N° 18757 y 18758 of 5 February 1923.

- 1923 CARLOS HERNÁNDEZ – Intendente
Decree N° 197 of 14 February 1923. Diario Oficial N° 18785 y 18786 of 19 February 1923.
- 1925 Col. JORGE LUNA OSPINA; PORTO FONSECA
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1927 JORGE TADEO LOZANO
Decree N° 103 of 22 January 1927. Diario Oficial N° 20406 of 27 January 1927.
- 1929 CARLOS CÉSPEDES
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1930 ALFONSO RINCON
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1931 MANUEL PALACIO – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 1183 of 9 July 1931. Diario Oficial N° 21747 of 24 July 1931.
- 1931 BENJAMÍN MORENO – Intendente
Decree N° 2208 of 16 December 1931. Diario Oficial N° 21870 of 19 December 1931.
- 1933 SEBASTIÁN MESA MERLANO – Intendente
Decree N° 1405 of 17 August 1933. Diario Oficial N° 22372 of 28 August 1933.
- 1934 ALVARO DE URICOCHEA – Intendente
Decree N° 1996 of 19 October 1934. Diario Oficial N° 22727 of 5 November 1934.
- 1937 TOMAS LEAL CUENCA – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 1830 of 19 October 1937. Diario Oficial N° 23636 of 22 November 1937.
- 1937 TIMOTHY BRITTON – Intendente
Decree N° 1913 of 3 November 1937. Diario Oficial N° 23638 of 24 November 1937.

- 1939 GUILLERMO RUIZ RIVAS – Intendente
Decree N° 313 of 10 February 1939. Diario Oficial N° 23996 of 13 February 1939.
- 1940 ALBERTO DUPUY ESGUERRA – Intendente
Decree N° 1150 of 18 June 1949. Diario Oficial N° 24394 of 21 June 1940.
- 1941 GUSTAVO ANZOLA – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 1380 of 6 August 1941. Diario Oficial 24734 of 12 August 1941.
- 1941 ERNESTO RUIZ WHITE – Intendente
Decree N° 1796 of 21 October 1941. Diario Oficial N° 24796 of 24 October 1941.
- 1942 Coronel FIDEL S.CUELLAR
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1943 Coronel OCTAVIO MUTIZ H. – Intendente
Decree N° 128 of 23 January 1943. Diario Oficial N° 25166 of 29 January 1943.
- 1943 Mayor ROBERTO VANEGAS L. – Intendente
Decree N° 974 of 19 May 1943. Diario Oficial N° 25256 of 22 May 1943.
- 1944 Coronel LUIS FRASSE – Intendente
Decree N° 653 of 21 March 1944. Diario Oficial N° 25504 of 24 March 1944.
- 1946 RODOLFO VÉLEZ A. – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 3010 of 18 October 1946. Diario Oficial N° 26263 of 23 October 1946.
- 1946 CARLOS FEDERICO LEVER
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1947 MANUEL JOSÉ GARCÉS V. – Intendente
Decree N° 2092 of 27 June 1947. Diario Oficial N° 26469 of 5 July 1947
- 1949 JORGE GAITÁN ARJONA – Intendente ad interim
Decree N° 281 of 10 February 1949. Diario Oficial N° 26949 of 21 February 1949.

- 1949 MANUEL RAMÍREZ REYES – Intendente
Decree N° 916 of 4 April 1949. Diario Oficial N° 26997 of 22 April 1949.
- 1949 LEONIDAS PRETEL M. – Intendente
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 159. Resignation appears in Decree N° 621 of 22 February 1950. Diario Oficial N° 27260 of 10 March 1950.
- 1950 MARIO ACEVEDO ARDILA
Appointed, declined designation.
Decree N° 621 of 22 February 1950. Diario Oficial N° 27260 of 10 March 1950
- 1950 LISIMACO PARRA B. – Intendente
Decree N° 899 of 13 March 1950. Diario Oficial N° 27278 of 31 March 1950
- 1950 MARCO VERGARA OTERO – Intendente
Decree N° 03684 of 7 December 1950. Diario Oficial N° 27505 of 12 January 1951
- 1951 OSCAR DE LA OSSA
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1953-57 Cap. MAXIMINO RODRIGUEZ P.
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1957 Cap. ALFREDO BALLESTEROS R. – Intendente
W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160. Resignation appears in Decree N° 136 of 21 January 1961, Diario Oficial N° 30432 of 2 February 1961.
- 1961 Gen. (R) ERNESTO CARRASCO – Intendente
Decree N° 136 of 21 January 1961, Diario Oficial N° 30432 of 2 February 1961.
- 1962 ADALBERTO GALLARDO F. – Intendente
Decree N° 2728 of 6 October 1962. Diario Oficial N° 30928 of 18 October 1962.
- 1965 Gen. (R) ERNESTO CARRASCO – Intendente
Decree N° 447 of 1 March 1965. Diario Oficial N° 31603 of 11 March de 1965.

- 1966 FÉLIX PALACIO N. – Intendente
 Decrees N° 1506 of 14 June 1966 - Diario Oficial N° 31967 of 28 June 1966 (ad interim), Decree N° 2339 of 15 September 1966 – Diario Oficial N° 32039 of 23 September 1966
- 1968 PEDRO LOPEZ MICHELSEN. – Intendente
 Decree N° 2483 of 26 September 1968. Diario Oficial N° 32624 of 17 October 1968
- 1970 CARLOS ARCHBOLD
 W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1971 PABLO CASAS SANTOFIMIO. Intendente.
 W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160. Resignation appears in Decree N° 1769 of 22 September 1972. Diario Oficial N° 33709 of 9 October 1972.
- 1972 FÉLIX PALACIO N. Intendente
 Decree N° 1769 of 22 September 1972. Diario Oficial N° 33709 of 9 October 1972.
- 1974 YOLANDA OTERO DE JONES. Intendente
 W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160. Resignation appears in Decree N° 1399 of 7 July 1976. Diario Oficial N° 34601 of 30 July 1976.
- 1976 ZACHARIAH WILLIAMS POMARE
 Decree N° 1399 of 7 July 1976. Diario Oficial N° 34601 of 30 July 1976.
- 1977 RENO RANKIN L.
 W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1978 ROSALES HOOKER MANUEL
 W. Cabrera, San Andrés y Providencia – Historia (Bogotá, Ed. Cosmos, 1980) 160.
- 1981 ANA GARCÍA DE PECHTHALT – Intendente
 Decree N° 831 of 31 March 1981. Diario Oficial N°35741 of 13 April 1981.

- 1982 DILIA ROBINSON DE SAAVEDRA – Intendente
Resignation appears in Decree N° 2892 of 4 October 1982. Diario Oficial N° 36117 of 26 October 1982. Certification N° 021 of 15 January 2003, issued by the Governorship of the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia y Santa Catalina.
- 1982 SIMÓN GONZALEZ – Intendente
Decree N° 2892 of 4 October 1982. Diario Oficial N° 36117 of 26 October 1982.
- 1988 HIDALGO ALBERTO MAY – Intendente
Decree N° 0843 of 3 May 1988. Diario Oficial N° 38319 of 3 May 1988.
- 1989 MARIA TERESA URIBE BENT – Intendente
Decree N° 0739 of 10 April 1989. Diario Oficial N° 38771 of 10 April 1989
- 1990-91 KENT FRANCIS JAMES
Certification N° 025 of 15 January 2003, issued by the Governorship of the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia y Santa Catalina.
- NOTE:* The Colombian Constitution of 1991 eliminated the political division of Intendancies and all former Intendancies including the Archipelago were established as Departments [state/province]. The Constitution also mandated that governors and mayors be elected by popular vote as of the regional and municipal elections of 1992.
- 1992 SIMÓN GONZÁLEZ
Deed of appointment of 2 January 1992
- 1995 ANTONIO MANUEL STEPHENS – Governor
Deed of appointment N° 001 of 2 January 1995. 1st Territorial Mixed Jurisdiction Court of San Andrés.
- 1997 JOHN JAIRO OBANDO OSPINA – Governor ad interim
Decree N° 2457 of 3 October 1997. Diario Oficial N° 43145 of 8 October 1997
- 1997 CRISTINA HELENA MITCHELL HUNTER – Governor ad interim
Decree N° 2471 of 6 October 1997. Diario Oficial N° 43146 of 9 October 1997
- 1998 LESLIE MAFIA BENT – Governor
Deed of Appointment N° 001 of 2 January 1998. 1st Mixed Jurisdiction Family Court of San Andrés.

- 2001 RALPH NEWBAL SOTELO – Governor
Record N° 18 of 20 March 2000 of the Ordinary Session, 1st Period of 2000, of the Departmental Assembly of San Andrés. Inauguration of the Governor.
- 2002 ALVARO SEGUNDO ARCHBOLD N. – Governor ad interim
Decree N° 1000 of 22 May 2002. Deed of Appointment N° 144 of 27 May 2002. 2nd Municipal Mixed Jurisdiction Court of San Andrés.

Appendix 4

LIST OF COLOMBIAN LEGAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE ARCHIPELAGO OF SAN ANDRÉS

Since the beginning of its life as an independent nation, the Republic of Colombia has considered the islands and cays that form the Archipelago of San Andrés as an integral part of its territory. Consequently, the national Government has issued legislation and regulations that, either generally or particularly, deal with different aspects of life on the islands.

The following is a list of sample legislation, including Laws (Acts of Congress), Presidential Decrees and Resolutions (issued by Ministries and other national entities), which are directly applicable to the Archipelago.

Date	23 June 1824
Type of act	Law
Source	<i>Gaceta de Colombia</i> N° 142, 4 July 1824
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Arranging for the territorial division of the Republic
Territorial scope	Islands of San Andrés

Date	2 June 1833
Type of act	Law
Source	<i>Gaceta Oficial</i> N° 92, 3 June 1833
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Modifying the territorial division of the Province of Cartagena
Territorial scope	Cantón Vieja Providencia (capital villaje), San Andrés, Santa Catalina, Los Mangles

Date	28 April 1847
Type of act	Law
Source	<i>Gaceta de la Nueva Granada</i> N° 875, 6 May 1847
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Setting up the territories of San Andrés and Guanacas
Territorial scope	Territory of San Andrés

Date	22 June 1850
Type of act	Law
Source	<i>Gaceta Oficial</i> N° 1132, 23 June de 1850
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	The territories of San Andrés, the Darién and San Martín shall become Cantons, the first of them being incorporated to the Province of Cartagena.
Territorial scope	Territory of San Andrés

Date	19 October 1852
Type of act	<i>Gaceta Oficial</i> N° 1437, 21 October 1852
Source	Presidential Decree
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Modifying the head of the Canton of San Andrés
Territorial scope	Canton of San Andrés

Date	29 May 1864
Type of act	Law 42/1864
Source	Political Constitution and Laws of the United States of Colombia, 1863 – 1875
Subject	Customs
Title	Of Customs
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés

Date	4 June 1868
Type of act	Law 39/1868
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 1254, 14 June 1868
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Accepting the cession to the nation of the Territories of San Martín, San Andrés and San Luis de Providencia, and determining the form of their administration
Territorial scope	National Territory of San Andrés and San Luis de Providencia

Date	31 January 1905
Type of act	Legislative Decree N° 28/1905
Source	Published in <i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 12276, 11 February 1905.
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Reorganizing certain Intendancys and establishing others
Territorial scope	Islas of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	26 October 1912
Type of act	Law 52/1912
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 14737, 7 November 1912
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	On the creation and organization of the National Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	12 December 1912
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 1090/1912
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 14775 del 21 December 1912
Subject	Finance
Title	Implementing regulations of the provisions of Law 52 of the current year concerning the organization of the national finances in the Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia.
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	4 November 1914
Type of act	Law 59/1914
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 15336, 6 November 1914
Subject	Finance
Title	On taxation on tonnage and pilots.
Territorial scope	Islands of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	13 February 1926
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 292/1925
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 20127, 19 February 1926, p.262
Subject	Finance
Title	Establishing a tax on tobacco consumption
Territorial scope	Archipelago

Date	22 April 1925
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 625/1925
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 19889, 4 May 1925
Subject	Finance
Title	Governing pearl fishery in the Republic's territorial waters
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	21 April 1928
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 732/1928
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 20788, 8 May 1928
Subject	Agriculture
Title	Organizing cadres of regional agronomists and veterinarians, in implementation of Articles 35 and 36 of Law 74 of 1926
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	11 December 1930
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 2089/1930
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 21571, 19 December 1930
Subject	Finance
Title	Implementing regulations of Law 10 of 8 October 1930, on fiscal organization of the Intendancys and Comisarias
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Povidencia. Archipelago.

Date	20 March 1931
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 555/1931
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 21648, 24 March 1931
Subject	Fishing
Title	Developing Laws 58 of 1914, 96 of 1922 and Article 7 of Law 78 of 1930
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	11 April 1931
Type of act	Law N° 47/1931
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 21664, 15 April 1931
Subject	Science Commission
Title	Granting an authorization to the Executive Branch in regard to the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia and adopting other measures
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	29 April 1932
Type of act	Ministerial Resolution N° 32/1932
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 22003, 3 June 1932
Subject	Public works
Title	Ordering the manner to carry out two public works in the Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	3 December 1932
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 2080/1932
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 22310, 12 June 1933
Subject	Armed Forces
Title	Reforming and introducing changes to the Military Territorial Division of the nation and the organization of the territorial service
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	21 September 1934
Type of act	Law 3/1934
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 22695, 26 September 1934
Subject	Health
Title	Providing for the construction of a hospital in San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Intendancy de San Andrés and Providencia

Date	12 December 1940
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 2197/1940
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 24540, 17 December 1940
Subject	Customs
Title	Declaring exempt from import tariffs certain articles destined to the Islands of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	5 February 1943
Type of act	Law 2/1943
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 25197, March 1943
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Adopting certain provisions concerning the administration, organization and electoral regime of the Intendancys and Comisarias.
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	28 October 1953
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 2821/1953
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 28339, 5 November 1953
Subject	Education
Title	Adopting a special plan of education in the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, depending from the Ministry of Education and authorizing the necessary resources
Territorial scope	Islands of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	4 May 1954
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 1439/1954
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 28484, 21 May 1954
Subject	Public works – Development
Title	Ordering the building and furnishing of an edification in the city of San Andrés (Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia) and granting an authorization
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	27 February 1958
Type of act	Legislative Decree N° 51/1958
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 29652, 26 April 1958
Subject	Elections
Title	Establishing certain electoral districts
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	24 July 1959
Type of act	Decree 2024
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 30015, 5 August 1959
Subject	Finance
Title	Establishing the “Special Permission for Tourism” for foreigners travelling to the islands of San Andrés and Providencia and adopting other provisions
Territorial scope	Islands of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	21 December 1959
Type of act	Law N° 127/1959
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 30136, 29 December 1959
Subject	Customs
Title	Free Port of San Andrés
Territorial scope	Territory of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	20 February 1960
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 445/1960
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 30172, 2 March 1960
Subject	Customs
Title	Adopting implementing regulations for Law 127 of 1959 on the Free Ports of San Andrés and Providencia and other provisions.
Territorial scope	Free Port of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	25 February 1960
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 0473/1960
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 30179 of 10 March 1960
Subject	Elections
Title	Determining the number of deputies elected popularly by each Electoral District
Territorial scope	Electoral Districts of the Republic of Colombia

Date	25 October 1960
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 2455/1960
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 30369, 31 October 1960
Subject	Finance
Title	Supplementing and amending Decree 445/1960 and adopting other provisions
Territorial scope	San Andrés and Providencia Islands.

Date	30 December 1963
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 3290/1963
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 31265, 30 December 1963
Subject	Customs
Title	Adopting certain regulations on the Free Port of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	12 December 1968
Type of act	Legislative Act (Amendment) N° 1/1968
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 32673, 17 December 1968, p.641
Subject	National territory
Title	Art. 1°: “Article 3° of the National Constitution will read: “In addition to the islands, islets, cays, shoals and banks belonging to it, the Island of Malpelo and the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia belong to Colombia (The latter in conformity with the Treaty concluded between Colombia and Nicaragua on 24 March 1928)”
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	26 December 1968
Type of act	Law 59/1968
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 32681, 28 December 1968
Subject	Public Works
Title	By which the nation contributes to certain plans for electrical power supply in the Islands of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	8 February 1972
Type of act	Ley 1/1972
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 33525, February 1972
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Adopting a special statute for the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés. Article 2 provides: “The territory of the Special Intendancy will be comprised by the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, Santa Catalina and the other islands, islets, cays and reefs that form the current Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia”.

Date	22 February 1973
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 256/1973
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 33821, April 1973
Subject	Real state
Title	Issuing regulations and special procedures for registering real state deeds in the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia.
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	22 February 1973
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 255/1973
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 33807, 14 March 1973
Subject	Real state
Title	Art. 1°. "Public notaries and Consuls abroad are forbidden to register public deeds concerning the exchange of real state property located in the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia when the beneficiary is a person not holding Colombian citizenship by birth ...".
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	30 August 1976
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 1809/1976
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 34635, 16 September 1976
Subject	Finance
Title	Containing (partial) implementing regulations of Law 1 of 1972
Territorial scope	Intendancy Especial of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	19 December 1977
Type of act	Legislative Act (Amendment) N° 2/1977
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 34935 del 23 December 1977
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Amending the National Constitution
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	20 March 1978
Type of act	Ministerial Resolution N° 0528/1978
Source	INCOMEX
Subject	Finance/Commerce
Title	Special Regime for San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	San Andrés and Providencia

Date	12 December 1979
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 3081/1979
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 35432, 14 January 1980, p.148
Subject	Finance
Title	Issuing measures concerning the Free Port of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	Free Port of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	11 February 1986
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 0471/1986
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 37346, 13 February 1986
Subject	Human settlements
Title	Adopting regulations on immigration control human settlements in the territory of the Intendancy Especial of San Andrés and Providencia and adopting other provisions
Territorial scope	Intendancy Especial of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	5 April 1989
Type of act	Presidential Resolution N° 0052/1989
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 38765, 5 April 1989
Subject	Environment/Fishing
Title	Approving the Agreement N° 0085 of 1st. December 1988, issued by the Governing Board of the National Institute for the Renewable Natural Resources and the Environment, adopting regulatory measures for the fishing activities in the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, and in particular in its Cays and Shoals of Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	11 January 1989
Type of act	Law N° 09/1989
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 38650, 11 January 1989
Subject	Finance
Title	Issuing regulations on plans for municipal development and the uses of real state (sale and expropriation)
Territorial scope	Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia

Date	6 July 1991
Type of act	Political Constitution
Source	<i>Gaceta Constitucional</i> N° 127, 3 October 1991
Subject	Territory
Title	“Art. 101. ...Colombia is comprised of, in addition to the mainland territory, the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, the island of Malpelo, and the other islands, islets, cays, rocks and banks that belong to it.
Territorial scope	Archipiélago de San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	6 July 1991
Type of act	Political Constitution
Source	<i>Gaceta Constitucional</i> N° 127, 3 October 1991
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Art. 309: “The Intendancies of Arauca, Casanare, Putumayo, the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina are organized as Departments [states/provinces]...”
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	13 December 1991
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 2762/1991
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 40221, 13 December 1991
Subject	Human settlements
Title	Adopting certain measures in order to control the population density in the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	19 February 1993
Type of act	Law N° 47/1993
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 40763, 23 February 1993
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Issuing special regulations for the organization and administration of the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina
Territorial scope	The territory of the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina is comprised by the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, as well as the Cays Alburqueque, East Southeast, Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Bajo Nuevo, Banks of Serranilla and Alicia and the other islands, islets, cays, shoals, banks and reefs that used to belong to the ancient Intendancy Especial of San Andrés and Providencia.

Date	22 December 1993
Type of act	Law N° 99/1993
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 41146, 22 December 1993
Subject	Environment
Title	Establishing the Ministry for the Environment, reorganizing the Public Sector in charge of the management and conservation of the environment and renewable natural resources, setting up the National Environmental System – SINA and adopting other provisions
Territorial scope	Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	28 June 1994
Type of act	Law N° 141/1994
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 41414, 30 June 1994
Subject	Finances
Title	Regulating the right of the State to receive royalties for the exploitation of non-renewable natural resources; fixing rules for their calculation and apportionment; establishing the national Trust of Royalties and the National Commission on Royalties, and adopting other provisions.
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	8 March 1996
Type of act	Ministerial Resolution N° 158/1996
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 42760, 8 April 1996
Subject	Environment
Title	Fixing the size and type of vessels for artisanal fishing in the area of the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina and appurtenant cays
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	20 December 1996
Type of act	Ministerial Resolution N° 1426/1997
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 42986, 21 February 1997
Subject	Environment
Title	Defining and delimiting a natural reserve as a Special Management Area with regard to the Corals of the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina and Cays
Territorial scope	Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia, Santa Catalina and Cays

Date	6 June 1997
Type of act	Ministerial Resolution N° 2847
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 43077, 2 July 1977
Subject	Elections
Title	Determining the number of Councilmen that can be elected in each municipality belonging to the Electoral District of San Andrés and Providencia
Territorial scope	San Andrés and Providencia

Date	2 April 2001
Type of act	Presidential Decree N° 569/2001
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 44380, 5 April 2001
Subject	Frontier Development
Title	Establishing the Inter-agency Commission for Integration and Frontier Development
Territorial scope	Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Date	21 October 2004
Type of Act	Law N° 915/2004
Source	<i>Diario Oficial</i> N° 45714, 27 October 2004
Subject	Territorial organization
Title	Adopting the Frontier Statute for the Economic and Social Development of the Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina
Territorial scope	Archipelago Department of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina

Appendix 5

LICENSING OF FOREIGN FISHING VESSELS IN THE SAN ANDRES ARCHIPELAGO

Tables on pages to follow

DATE	NUMBER OF RESOLUTION	SHIP / FLAG	DESCRIPTION OF THE AREA	OBSERVATIONS
1/12/1977	000016	Miss Genelle/Nicaragua	<p>“In the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia and adjacent regions”</p> <p>“...the fishing program is divided into six areas pertaining to the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Bank of Serrana and Serranilla, Roncador and Quitasueño, Cays of Albuquerque, East-Southeast, which are located</p>	<p>Authorization for a term of 90 days to carry out operations of commercial, experimental, and scientific fishing.</p> <p>At the expiration of the permission copy of all the results obtained shall be delivered to the Colombian authorities.</p> <p>The Port and Maritime General Direction will be able to send aboard the motor ship an inspector when it sees fit.</p> <p>A security shall be produced in favor of the Port</p>

			between latitude 12° N and 15° N and longitude 80° W and 82° W”.	and Maritime General Direction in the amount of 300.000,00 pesos, to last as long as the ship remains in Colombian waters.
			“in the zone of the Atlantic coastline, except in the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia”	Compliance with the legal regulations of the Colombian merchant marine has to be assured.
2/15/1977	000087	Marta/USA	“in the zone of the Atlantic coastline, except in the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia”	
2/15/1977	000089	Aco-Cheo/USA	“zones of research in San Andrés and Providencia and adjacent regions”	Extension of Resolution 0016 of the same year.
3/29/1977	000169	Miss Genelle/Nicaragua		

	12/22/1978	946	Elektrogorsk/ Russia	<p>“in jurisdictional waters of the Atlantic Ocean sector of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, that includes the Cays of Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana and the banks of Serranilla, Bajo Nuevo and Rosalinda”</p> <p>For a term of three months.</p> <p>The vessel commits itself to perform only experimental or exploratory tasks of fishing in the areas and depths indicated.</p> <p>On arrival to port the totality of the fishing should be unloaded. The unloading of the catch will have to be performed in the ports of San Andrés, Santa Marta or Cartagena.</p> <p>A work plan is to be submitted for approval. Compensation is provided for eventual damages.</p> <p>The result of studies and conclusions shall be provided within ten days after each cycle and a final report shall also be produced.</p> <p>Provision is made for the transfer of technology for the technical personnel and Colombian crews.</p> <p>In case of breach measures will be applied, among them the immediate cancellation of the authorization.</p>
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8/11/1987	1039	Lucas/Panama	<p>“in San Andrés and Providencia, in the bank Rosalinda, Low Serranilla and Bajo Nuevo, only”</p> <p>Authorization to operate in the “Islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, in the fishing of lobster”</p>	<p>Valid until June 30, 1988.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
8/14/1987	1057	Babeque/ Dominican Republic	<p>“in the insular area of San Andrés and Providencia”</p> <p>“in the lesser islands of the Archipelago (exclusively in the northern islands”</p>	<p>Valid until June 25, 1988.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>

10/5/1988	1544	Capricornio/ Dominican Republic	“in the Islands to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia”	Valid until July 19, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen. Valid until July 8, 1989
12/1/1988	1890	Don Poncho/USA	“in the area of the islands to the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
2/21/1989	0156	Don Ernesto/ Panama	“in the area of the islands to the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until July 6, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

2/21/1989	0157	Don Paco	“in the area of the islands to the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until July 6, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
3/9/1989	0221	Don Víctor/ Panamá	First considering: “it has requested (...) the authorization to operate (...) in fishing of dragging in Colombian superficial waters of the zone of the Meridian 82°W”	Valid until June 24, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
3/9/1989	0341	Tigre Cat/USA	“in the area of the Colombian Caribbean coastline, from the border with Venezuela to the border with Panama, without including the Meridian 82W° facing Nicaragua”	Valid until June 24, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

4/11/1989	0378	Lady Daisy/USA	“in the area of the Colombian Caribbean, north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until June 24, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
9/22/1989	01132	Tri C/Honduras	“in the area of Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Rosalinda, Bajo Alicia y Bajo Nuevo. The capture of sea turtle throughout the nation and conch in Quitasueño are banned”	Valid until December 31, 1989 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

11/14/1989	001400	Rosalind/ United Kingdom	“in the area of Islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, with the exception of Alburquerque, Bolívar Cay, Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andrés”	Valid until October 11, 1990 Conch fishing in the Archipelago is banned between the 1st of June and 30 of September of each year. Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
11/14/1989	001407	Lady Daisy/USA	“in the area of Islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, with the exception of Alburquerque, Bolívar Cay, Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andrés”	Valid until October 19, 1990 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

11/14/1989	001412	Lianette/Honduras	<p>“in the area of Islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, with the exception of Alburquerque, Bolívar Cay, Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andrés”</p>	<p>Valid until October 19, 1990</p> <p>Conch fishing in the Archipelago is banned between the 1st of June and 30 of September of each year.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
11/15/1989	001414	Don Poncho/ Panama	<p>“in the area of Islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, with the exception of prohibition or reserve zones”</p>	<p>Valid until September 27, 1990</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>

11/16/1989	001476	Don Mare/ Panama	“in the Colombian Atlantic, islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, except for zones of reserve or national parks”	Valid until September 27, 1990 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
12/18/1989	001624	Kristen Denise/USA	“in the area of the lesser Islands of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until September 28, 1990 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
5/14/1990	000612	Rouge Rider/ Honduras	“in the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago”	Valid until April 9, 1991 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

5/18/1990	00635	Trade Winds/ Honduras	“in the area of the lesser Islands of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (island)”	<p>Valid until May 2, 1991</p> <p>The capture of lobsters of less than twelve centimeters of tail and of those laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p> <p>Valid until May 3, 1991</p>
5/18/1990	00637	Iris G/Honduras	“in the area of the lesser Islands of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (island)”. The fishing of spade conch in Quitasueño is banned.	<p>The capture of lobsters of less than twelve centimeters of tail and of those laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>

5/18/1990	000638	Ariel/USA	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago”	<p>Valid until April 8, 1991</p> <p>Conch fishing is banned between June 1st. and September 30</p> <p>The capture of lobsters of less than twelve centimeters of tail and of those laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p> <p>Valid until May 21, 1991</p>
6/7/1990	000747	Esko III/Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (Island)”	<p>Tortoise fishing is banned throughout the national territory.</p> <p>The capture of lobsters of less than twelve centimeters of tail and of those laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or</p>

				<p>insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
6/7/1990	000751	Miss Sandy/Honduras	<p>“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (Island)”</p>	<p>Valid until May 21, 1991</p> <p>The capture of lobsters of less than twelve centimeters of tail and of those laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>

6/12/1990	000778	Dion I/Cayman Islands (Grand Cayman)	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	<p>Valid until April 19, 1991</p> <p>The fishing of conch between June 1st and September 30 and the capture of lobsters of less than twelve centimeters of tail and of those laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
7/16/1990	000961	Señora Norman/Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (Island)”	<p>Valid until April 19, 1999.</p> <p>The capture of lobsters of less than fourteen centimeters of tail is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>

7/16/1990	000962	Miss Gina/Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago”	Valid until June 27, 1991. Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
7/16/1990	000963	Lady Annis/Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (Island)”	Valid until June 12, 1991 The capture of lobsters of less than fourteen centimeters of tail is banned. Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

2/5/1992	0120	Sea Witch/Honduras	“in Colombian jurisdictional waters of the north of the Archipelago. The capture of conch in Quitasueño is forbidden	Valid until august 25, 1992 The capture of lobsters of less than fourteen centimeters of tail is banned, as well as the capture of conch of 250 grams without cleaning and of 100 grams clean. Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
2/5/1992	0124	Stingray/Honduras	“in the area of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until December 26, 1992 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

2/5/1992	0125	Star Chief, Tropic Star, J.U.M.A. IV/ USA	“in the area of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia. Fishing will be carried out only in the Cays not prohibited (for that purpose) of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia”	Valid until June 30, 1992 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
2/7/1992	0137	Sonia Esperanza/ Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until October 24, 1992 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
2/19/1992	0191	Fair Winds/Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until November 30, 1992 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

2/26/1992	0215		Dream Girl/USA	“in Colombian jurisdictional waters of the north area of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia, except for adjacent waters to the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia, Cay Bolívar and Albuquerque”	Thirty days time-limit from the date of issuance.
3/7/1992	0295		Maria E/ Venezuela	“in Colombian jurisdictional waters in the Atlantic Ocean except Cay Bolívar, Cay Albuquerque, the islands of Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andres”	Thirty days time limit from the date of issuance.
6/24/1992	0861		Captain Pecas/USA	“in the area of the islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia, except Albuquerque, Cay Bolívar, Island of Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andres”	Valid until March 20, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

6/24/1992	0863	Popeye/USA	“in the area of the lesser islands located in the north of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia (Roncador, Serrana, Bajo Alicia and Bajo Nuevo)	Valid until December 31, 1992 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
6/24/1992	0865	Aconcagua/ Dominican Republic	“in the area of the lesser islands to the north of San Andres and Providencia, except Albuquerque, Cay Bolivar, Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andres”	Valid until February 1st, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
6/24/1992	0868	Sand Piper, Lady Malvina, Rouge Ridge, Cabinda, Satelite II/ USA	“Area of operation: Cays of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until March 26, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

9/1/1992	1127	Lianette/Honduras	<p>“in the area of the islands located to the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia, except Albuquerque, Cay Bolivar, island of Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andres”</p>	<p>Valid until June 16, 1993</p> <p>The capture of lobsters of less than fourteen centimeters of tail is banned, as well as the capture of conch between July 1st and September 30.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
9/17/1992	1216	Rosaling/ United Kingdom	<p>“in the area of the lesser islands to the north of San Andres and Providencia, except Cay Bolivar, Santa Catalina, Providencia and San Andres”</p>	<p>Valid until January 3, 1993</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>

9/17/1992	1221	Bobby Joe/USA	“in the Cays in the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until August 4, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
9/17/1992	1224	Telstar/Honduras	“in the Cays in the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until June 23, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
10/6/1992	1318	Popeye/USA	“in the area of the lesser islands to the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia (Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla, Bajo Rosalinda, Bajo Alicia, Bajo Nuevo)”	The terms and conditions of the Resolution N° 863 of June 24, 1992, continue in force.

10/16/1992	1354	Misaray/ Venezuela	“in the area of the Colombian Caribbean coast including the islands in the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until August 6, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
10/16/1992	1355	Master Doyle/Panama	“in the area of the Colombian Caribbean Sea, including the zone of San Andrés and Providencia except for the National Parks, forbidden zones and reserved areas”	The terms and conditions of the Resolution N° 462 of April 15, 1992, continue in force.
10/21/1992	1380	Capt Dowie/ Honduras	“in the Cays in the north of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until April 14, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

10/30/1992	1422	Dion T/ United Kingdom	“in the Atlantic Ocean including the Archipelago of San Andres”	Valid until April 14, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
11/11/1992	1500	Sonia Esperanza/ Honduras	“in the area of the lesser islands of the north of the Archipelago of San Andres”	Valid until October 18, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
11/27/1992	1598	Gaviota/Venezuela	“in the area of the Colombian Caribbean coast including San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until October 28, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

11/27/1992	1601	Sea Horse II/ Panama	“to practice superficial water shrimp fishing by the system of dragging in the Meridian 82° W parallel 15° North”	Valid until April 26, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
1/12/1993	0003	Arenas/USA	“in the Caribbean coast insular area of the Archipelago of San Andres	Valid until November 23, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
12/01,1993	0012	Sea Dog/USA	“in the Caribbean coast and insular area of the Archipelago of San Andres”	Valid until November 24, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

1/22/1993	0010	Caribbean Star N° 35/ Panama	“in superficial water shrimp fishing by the system of dragging in the Meridian 82° W Parallel 15 North”	Valid until November 10, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
1/22/1993	0023	Caribbean Star N° 35/ Panama	“in superficial water shrimp fishing by the system of dragging in the Meridian 82° W Parallel 15 North”	Valid until November 10, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
1/22/1993	0024	Miss Wendy Joy II/ Honduras	“in fishing of lobster in the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until December 13, 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

6/4/1993	0569	Master Doyle/Panama	“in the area of the Colombian Caribbean Sea, including the zone of San Andres and Providencia”	Valid until July 31, 1993 Fishing is banned in national parks, forbidden zones and reserved areas for the craft fishing Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.
9/6/1993	1057	Rosalind/ United Kingdom	“in the area of the Archipelago of San Andres and Providencia”	(illegible) Term November 1993 Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.

4/9/1996	213	Captain Elo/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional waters of the Colombian Caribbean (...). Keep in mind the spade conch prohibition in the area of the Bajo Quitasueño until recovering the species”	<p>Valid until August 19, 1996</p> <p>Conch fishing is banned from June 01 to October 31 of each year. Extraction of spiny lobster with tail less than 14 cm. and capture of female laying eggs is banned.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
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12/4/1996	743	Captain Dowrie/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional waters of the Colombian Caribbean (...). There exists spade conch prohibition in the area of the Bajo Quitasueño until recovering the species”	<p>Valid until May 11, 1997</p> <p>The extraction of spiny lobster with tail less than 14 cm. and capture of female laying eggs are banned. A prohibition of fishing conch runs from June 01 to October 31 each year.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the need to produce a bank guarantee or insurance policy. The imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms is foreseen.</p>
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2/4/2000	0026	Mis Tina/Nicaragua	<p>“in jurisdictional maritime Colombian waters of the Caribbean Sea, in which it is prohibited the use of networks in the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina” (In Considering on patent of fishing)</p>	<p>Valid until 26 June 2000</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms.</p> <p>Compliance with the legal norms regarding the percentage of Colombian workers that should be hired is mandatory.</p> <p>All the product of the authorized fishing must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The Port Captaincy of San Andres must be notified at the moment that the disaffiliation of the ship take place.</p>
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		<p>Shooting Star/USA</p>	<p>“in jurisdictional maritime Colombian waters of the Caribbean Sea, in which it is prohibited the capture of lobsters laying eggs, tail with less than 14 cm, the use of tanks and use of networks in the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina” (In Considering on patent of fishing) “prohibition of fishing for the spade conch in the area of the Bajo Quitasueño”</p>	<p>Valid until March 17, 2001.</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms.</p> <p>Compliance with the legal norms regarding the percentage of Colombian workers that should be hired is mandatory.</p> <p>All the product of the authorized fishing must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The Port Captaincy of San Andres must be notified at the moment that the disaffiliation of the ship take place.</p>
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5/22/2001	0193	Shooting Star/USA	<p>“in jurisdictional maritime areas of the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina (...), except in the Area of Special Management, conformed by the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, Cays Alburquerque, East South-East, Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Bajo Nuevo, Banks of Serranilla and Alicia, other islands, small islands, Cays, banks and reefs and the territorial sea understood within the jurisdiction of the Department Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until February 13, 2002</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms.</p> <p>Compliance with the legal norms regarding the percentage of Colombian workers that should be hired is mandatory.</p> <p>All the product of the authorized fishing must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The Port Captaincy of San Andres must be notified at the moment that the disaffiliation of the ship take place.</p>
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	11/7/2001	Miss Tina/Nicaragua	<p>“in jurisdictional maritime areas of the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina (...), except in the Area of Special Management, conformed by the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, Cays Alburquerque, East South-East, Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Bajo Nuevo, Banks of Serranilla and Alicia, other islands, small islands, Cays, banks and reefs and the territorial sea understood within the jurisdiction of the Department Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until December 31, 2001</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms.</p> <p>Compliance with the legal norms regarding the percentage of Colombian workers that should be hired is mandatory.</p> <p>All the product of the authorized fishing must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The Port Captaincy of San Andres must be notified at the moment that the disaffiliation of the ship take place.</p>
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			<p>“in jurisdictional maritime areas of the Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina (...), except in the Area of Special Management, conformed by the Islands of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina, Cays Alburquerque, East South-East, Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Bajo Nuevo, Banks of Serranilla and Alicia, other islands, small islands, Cays, banks and reefs and the territorial sea understood within the jurisdiction of the Department Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until April 21, 2002</p> <p>Compliance with the regulations of the Colombian merchant marine is stipulated, as well as the imposition of sanctions in case of violation of the norms.</p> <p>Compliance with the legal norms regarding the percentage of Colombian workers that should be hired is mandatory.</p> <p>All the product of the authorized fishing must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The Port Captaincy of San Andres must be notified at the moment that the disaffiliation of the ship take place.</p>
12/12/2001	0474	Explorer II/Nicaragua		

3/7/2002	000385	Captain Carlson/Nicaragua	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until February 13, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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4/24/2002	000691	Capitana/ Nicaragua	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until April 10, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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3/7/2002	000392	Miss Colleen/Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until October 14, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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3/19/2002	000452	Captain Maverick/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until February 26, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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4/12/2002	000578	Two Sisters/ Panama	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until February 12, 2003</p> <p>The use of tanks and compressors is banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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4/24/2002	000682	Amber Rae/ Jamaica	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until February 12, 2003</p> <p>The use of tanks and compressors IONS banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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4/24/2003	000681	Capt. Bodden/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until August 13, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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2/12/2003	000216	Blue Skies/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until January 5, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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2/14/2002	000241	Cabinda/Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until January 8, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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2/18/2002	000261	Deko/Honduras	<p>“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until December 19, 2002</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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2/19/2002	000263	Kenrick Omar/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until January 18, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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4/29/2003	000710	Guise/Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until July 14, 2002</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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5/7/2002	000776	Ocean Dream/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until August 15, 2002</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of tanks and compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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5/7/2002	000777	Miss Tiffany/USA	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until June 7, 2002</p> <p>The use of tanks and compressors is banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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5/7/2002	000778	Abracadabra/ Dominican Republic	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until July 1st, 2002</p> <p>The use of networks, compressors and autonomous diving equipment is banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
5/31/2002	000916	Anna C I/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until July 9, 2002</p> <p>The use of compressors is banned, as well as the capture of spade conch.</p>

				<p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections. Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
6/19/2002	001034	Dolphyn Lady/ Jamaica	<p>“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until September 6, 2002</p> <p>The use of nets is banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p>

				<p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
6/26/2002	001040	Davina Dei/ Honduras	<p>“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until January 22, 2003</p> <p>The use of nets, compressors and autonomous diving equipment is banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p>

				<p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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6/27/2002	001092	Laura Ann/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until November 30, 2002</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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7/2/2002	001117	Sea Diver II/Belize	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until November 12, 2002</p> <p>The use of nets is banned.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p> <p>Colombian national cartography has to be used on board.</p>
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7/25/2002	001271	Rosalind/ Cayman Islands	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until June 17, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of compressors.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p>
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7/31/2002	001291	Silver Skies/ Honduras	“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”	<p>Valid until January 2, 2003</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of compressors, diving tanks and net.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p>
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7/31/2002	001293	El Gumbas/Belize	<p>“In jurisdictional maritime waters of San Andres, Providencia and Santa Catalina”</p>	<p>Valid until November 1st, 2002</p> <p>The capture of lobster laying eggs or with a tail less than 14 cm. is banned, as well as the use of compressors, and diving tanks.</p> <p>Authorization is subject to compliance with Article 61 of Law 13/1990, on percentage of Colombian crew members on board.</p> <p>The totality of the product captured must be unloaded in a Colombian port.</p> <p>The legitimate authority (Navy) is allowed to carry out inspections.</p>
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Appendix 6

**OPERATION AND PERMANENCE OF UNITED STATES' FISHING VESSELS
IN THE CAYS OF RONCADOR, QUITASUEÑO AND SERRANA PURSUANT
TO THE 1972 VÁZQUEZ-SACCIO TREATY BETWEEN COLOMBIA AND
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (IN FORCE: 17 SEPTEMBER 1981)
AND SUPPLEMENTARY EXCHANGE OF NOTES OF 24 OCTOBER 1983
AND 6 DECEMBER 1983**

Tables on pages to follow

Date	Resolution N°	Vessel name	Description of the area	Duration / Comments / Quotes
18-04-84	312	Tampico, Tuxpan, Swan Island, Carmen, Gemini, Silk Ridge, Sundance II, Many J., Aries, Dell G., Ella Mae G., Lisa G., Lois G., Babs, Texas Lady, Miss Texas, Jetta D, Lone Satr, Kell-Erin, Texas Star, Gulf Star, Texas Hooker, Neptune, Bear, Beaver.	Zone of the Cays of Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño	Valid until 31 Dec, 1984 “The owners of each one of the ships ... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment...” In case of violation of regulations, it provides for "immediate cancellation"

21-10-85	932	<p>Mandy J., Sundance II, Aries, Tampico, Tuxpan, Swan Island, Carmen, Gemini, Slik Ridge, Babs, Dell G., Ella Mae G., Lisa G. Lois G., Eyelander, Eagle Eye, Argus, Ms. Sharlot, Genie, The Right Stuff, Locator, Betty Jean II, Sea Breeze, Free Spirit, Sea View, Sea Hunt, Barbaro "O", Cash Flow, Joma II, Magic Dragon, Miss Marie, Mary Christmas.</p>	<p>Zone of the Cays of Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1985</p> <p>"The owners of each one of the ships ... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment..."</p> <p>In case of violation of regulations, it provides for "immediate cancellation"</p>
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05-02-86	078	Genie, My Way, Pises III, Queen Jean, Gulf Star, Big Dipper, Yankee Lady, Milky Way, Sea Hawk, High Noon III, Sea Stallion, Gladiator, Gulf Master III, Patriot, Equator III, Hurricane IV, Moon River III, Sea Wolf, Marlin, Carmen, Eagle Eye, Eyerlander, Lois G., Lisa G., Dell G., Babas, Silk Ridge, Gemini, Tuxpan, Tampico, Aries, Juma II, Cash Flow, Barbara C., Sea Hunt, Free Spirit, Sea Breeze, Betty Jean II, Mary Christmas, Miss Marie, Magic Dragon, Mana Greek.	Zone of the Cays of Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1986 "The owners of each one of the ships ... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment..." In case of violation of regulations, it provides for "immediate cancellation"
07-07-86	606	Pescadora	Zone of the Cays of Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1986 "The owner of the fishing motor ship ... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment..." In case of violation of regulations, it provides for "immediate cancellation"

12-08-86	781	Polaris	Zone of the Cays of Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1986 “The owner of the fishing motor ship ... is responsible for the compliance with regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment...” In case of violation of regulations, it provides for “immediate cancellation”
14-11-86	1162	Casao Nao	Zone of the Cays of Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1986 “The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment”. In case of violation of regulations, it provides for “immediate cancellation”.

27-01-87	0056	<p>Marlin, Sea Wolf, Moon River III, Hurricane IV, Equator III, Patriot, Gulf Master III, Gladiator, Sea Stallion, High Noon III, Sister Sacha, Stormy Weather, Magic Dragon, Eyelander, Eagle Eye, Sea Hawk, Mama Greek, Tampico, Carmen, Gemini, Silk Ridge, Milky Way, Big Dipper, Gulf Star, Aries, Queen Jean, Pisces III, Babs, Dell G., Lois G., Blue Fin, Three Sisters, Betty Jean II, Pescadora, Miss Mary, Lucky Lady, Wayward Wind, Beaver, Casa Nao, Bruno</p>	<p>Zone of Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1987</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as for the preservation and conservation of the marine environment”.</p> <p>In case of violation of regulations, it provides for “immediate cancellation”</p>
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05-01-89	0008	<p>Marlin, Sea Wolf, Moon River III, Hurricane IV, Equator III, Patriot, Gulf Master III, Gladiator, Sea Stallion, Sister Sacha, High Noon III, Stormy Weather, Eye Lander, Eagle Eye, Sea Hawk, Mama Greek, Tampico, Carmen, Gemini, Silk Ridge, Milky Way, Big Dipper, Force Ten, Gulf Star, Aries, Pescadora, Wayward Win, Bruno, Brandy F., Petes Dream, Lightking D, Becky, Venka M, Bárbara O., Juna Two, Julie Jean, Little, Jacquelyb, Big Al, Island Belle, Lady O, Ariane, Melissa, Dan's, Plan, Popeye, Sunrise, Revenge II, Revenge I, Kristen Denise</p>	<p>The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1989</p> <p>“...with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>
06-02-89	0097	<p>Magic Dragon, Mefas Adventurer, Aries, Miss Kimberly, Black Jack II, CSS Wave</p>	<p>The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1989</p> <p>“...with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”.</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>

03-03-89	0177	Captain Reo		The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1989 “...with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”. “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.
20-06-89	0712	Cindi Sue		The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1989 “...with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”. “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.
25-07-89	0891	Pisces		The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1989 “...with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”. “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.

30-08-89	1038	Capt Louie	The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1989 “... with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”. “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.
05-01-90	0002	Marlin, Sea Wolf, Moon River III, Hurricane IV, Equator III, Patriot, Gula Master III, Gladiador, Sea Stallion, High Noon III, Sister Sacha, Stormy Weather, Seyelander, Eagle Eye, Seahawk, Mama Greek, Tampico, Carmen, Gemini, Silk Ridge, Milky Way, Big Dipper, Memo’s Bounty, Gulf Star, Pescador, Waywatd Wind, Randy F., Kristen Dense, Pete’s Dream, Becky H, Venka M., Juma Two, Miss Rita, Miss Hattie, Island Belle, Capt. Louie, Mefas Adventurer, Aries, Miss Kimberly, CSS Wave, Cindi Sue, Pisces, Juie Dean, Little Jacquelyn	The adjacent waters to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1990 “... with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”. “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.

19-02-90	000137	Magic Dragon, Lightning D., Big AI, Popeye, Aqua Quest, Captain Reo	Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1990 “...with the exception of conch fishing in Quitasueño”. “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.
21-09-90	01327	Sandy J., Kalije Belle, Lisa M. Belle, Shawsheen, Cashflow, Cynthia J.	Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1990 “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.
26-09-90	01368	Star Chief	Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1990 “The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.

01-03-91	00317	<p>Sister Sacha, High Noon III, Sea Sattalion, Gulf Master III, Equator III, Hurricane IV, Moon River, Patriot, Sea Wolf, Tampico, Carmen, Gemini, Silk Ridge, Milky Way, Big Dipper, Nemo's Bounty, Wayward Wind, Randy F., Kristen Denise, Cindi Sue, Aqua Quest, Julie Jean, Little Jacquelyn, Popeye, Star Chief, Brandon Travis, Cordoba, Challenger, WJ, WJ I, WJ II, MJ III, Betty Jean II, Kalije Belle, Lisa M. Belle, Sea Hawk, Cash Flow, Cynthia J., Capt. Louie, Miss Kimberly, Magic Dragon, Venka M., Becky M., Island Belle</p>	<p>Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1991</p> <p>“...[The owners] must comply with the prohibitions included in the conservation measures in the waters of the Treaty...”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>
10-04-91	00496	<p>Missy Cindy, Miss Rita, Miss Hattie, Black Jack II, Mary Christmas</p>	<p>Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1991</p> <p>“...[The owners] must comply with the prohibitions included in the conservation measures in the waters of the Treaty...”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>

31-05-91	764	Blackn N'Blue, Jubilee, Mary Ann, Sammy Boy, Anna María	Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1991 “The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”
14-11-91	01462	Sandpiper	Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec. 1991 “...[The owners] must comply with the prohibitions included in the conservation measures in the waters of the Treaty...” “The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.

20-02-92	0198	<p>Black N' Bleu, Sandpiper, Mama Greek, Gulf Satr, Tampico, Carmen, Gemini, Slik Ridge, Milky Way, Memo's Bounty, Pete's Dream, Kit Kat, Silver Star, Aries, Mafas Adventurer, Cash Flow, Kristen Denise, Julie Jean, Littele Jacquelyn, Brandon Travis, WJ. WJ I, WJ II, WJ III, Betty Jean II, Kelije Belle, Lisa M. Belle, Sea Hawk, Joanne, Keren J. Belle, Capt. Louie, Magic Dragon, Becky M., Island Belle, Black Jack II</p>	<p>Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1992</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those for the conservation applied to the Treaty...” In case of violation of regulations; DIMAR will proceed according to the norms of the Treaty”.</p>
17-03-92	00300	<p>Equator III, Neptune, Admiral, Marsha Lynn, Aqua Quest, Cynthia J., Anna - Maria, Sammy Boy, Mary Ann, Jubilee, Sea Harvest II, Sea Harvest III, Lizzy J., Midnight Sun</p>	<p>Waters... adjacent to Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1992</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>

27-05-92	0725	Sandiper, Mama Greek	It cancels permission granted by Resolution No. 0198 of 20 February 1992, to the motor ships of USA flag, Sandiper, Breast Greek, for being affiliated to Colombian businesses.
19-08-92	1070	Anastasi, Pisces	Valid until 31 Dec. 1992 “...the contracting parties agreed to continue the ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.” “...and furthermore to prohibit capturing in the area of treaty of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimetres and capturing egg - bearings females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.” “...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of [illegible]
			Waters... adjacent to Roncador Serrana and Quitasueño

			<p>monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p>
			<p>“as well as the operation of factory vessels in the zone ...”</p>
			<p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”</p>

18-09-92	01232	Si – Tex 7	Waters...adjacent to Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1992</p> <p>Temporary ban on fishing conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square Km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude West and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude North.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimetres and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of [illegible] monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>
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23-10-92	1393	Star Chief	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1992</p> <p>"...temporary prohibition of fishing of conch (Strombus Gigas) in the area of Quitasueno in an extension of 4.189,3 square Kms approximately which is determined by the coordinates: 81 degrees 00 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes W and 14 degrees and 00 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes N"</p> <p>"...and besides to prohibit the capture of spiny lobsters, in the area of the Treaty, (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimetres and capturing egg - bearings females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed</p> <p>"...it was prohibited the use autonomous or semiautonomous diving equipment (...) for the extraction of resources hydro biologics, as well as the use of trammel nets of monofilament of nylon or of synthetic materials; thus same... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board."</p> <p>"The owner ... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian</p>
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<p>Merchant Marine, as well as of those of prevention and conservation of the marine environment... the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>				
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29-01-93	00042	Miss Irene, Mefas Adventurer	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1993</p> <p>“...temporary ban on fishing conch (Strombus Gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square Km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude West and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude North.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of [illegible] monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>
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04-02-93	00049	Six – Tex 7, Pisces	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 1993</p> <p>“ ... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“ ...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“ ...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of [illegible] monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>
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28-04-93	0378	Sea Harvest II	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1993</p> <p>“... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of [illegible] monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p>
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				<p>thus same... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board."</p> <p>"The owner ... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>
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19-05-93	0494	Miss Fifif, W.J.I	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1993</p> <p>“... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates:81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of trammel net of monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>Likewise... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board.”</p>
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<p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>				

09-08-93	0883	Southern Gent	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1993</p> <p>“... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of trammel net of monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>Likewise... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board.”</p>
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<p>"The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>							
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06-09-93	1064	Helen G	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1993</p> <p>“... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of trammel net of monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>Likewise... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board.”</p>
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<p>"The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>				
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08-03-94	0136	Karen J. Belle, Sea Hawk, Lisa M. Belle, Lissy J., Anastasi, Mama Greek, Joanne, Kalije Belle	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1994</p> <p>“... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of trammel net of monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>Likewise... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board.”</p>
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<p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>			
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17-05-94	0297	Arenas, Self Reliant	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1994</p> <p>“... temporary ban on fishing for conch (Strombus gigas) in the area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of approximately 4.189,3 square km, determined by the following coordinates: 81 degrees 0 minutes to 81 degrees 30 minutes longitude west and 14 degrees 0 minutes to 14 degrees 40 minutes latitude north.”</p> <p>“...and furthermore to prohibit capturing, in the area of the Treaty, of spiny lobsters (...) with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed.”</p> <p>“...the use of autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment was prohibited (...) for the extraction of hydro biological resources, as well as the use of trammel net of monofilament made from nylon or synthetic materials.”</p> <p>Likewise... every ship that process, transform or packing resources hydro biologics on board.”</p>
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				<p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Diplomatic Note of 1983 and the Joint Declarations of 1987 and 1989"</p>
19-08-94	0524	Rhonda M	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1994</p> <p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian</p>

13-02-95	0063	Carmen, Gemini, Tampico, Agua Queso, Anastasi, Mama greek, Pette Dream, Becky M., Pescadora, Star Chief, Capt Luie, Rhonda M., Magic Dragon, Miss Tracy, Sea Harvest II	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Treaty"</p> <p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1995</p> <p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Treaty"</p>
18-05-95	0275	Self Reliant, Arenas	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 1995</p> <p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Treaty"</p>

09-08-95	0435	Sea Hawk, Kalije Belle, Karen J. Belle, Lisa M. Belle, Joanne	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1995 "The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Treaty"
10-10-95	0574	Silk Ridge	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	Valid until 31 Dec, 1995 "The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Treaty"

19-02-96	00104	Rhonda M, Aqua Quest, Carmen, Gemini, Tampico, Mama Greek, Anastasi, Pete's Dream, Magic Dragon, Star Chief, Pescadora, Neptune I, Sea Hawk, Lisa M. Belle, Thunder Belle, Rachel J. Belle, Karen J. Belle, Kalije Belle, Savannah Belle, Joanne, Liberty Belle, Jessie B. Belle, Deanna Belle, Rebel, Enilsa, Capt Louie, Kristen Dense, Sea Harvest II	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	Valid until 31 Dec. 1996 "The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine".
13-02-97	0107	Black N'Blue, Aqua Quest, Carmen, Gemini, Tampico, Mama Greek, Anastasi, Tia Louise, Southern Belle, Prospector, Star Chief, Pescadora, Black Jack IV, Enilsa, Hope So, Mefas Adventurer, Grace	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	Valid until 31 Dec, 1997 "The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, as well as of those of conservation of the Treaty... In case of violation of the same the Maritime General Direction, will proceed in accordance with the norms established in the Treaty"

07-04-98	0155	Aqua Quest, Carmen, Gemini, Tampico, Mama Greek, Anastasi, Pete's Dream, Mefas Adventurer, Star Chief, Enilsa, Pescadora	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	Valid until 31 Dec, 1998 <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and of the civil extra contractual responsibility, as well as the conservation measures applied to the treaty... In case of violation of the norms, the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, in addition to sanctions that correspond to other authorities to impose.”</p>
17-07-98	0249	Rhonda M	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	Valid until 31 Dec, 1998 <p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and of the civil extra contractual responsibility, as well as the conservation measures applied to the treaty... In case of violation of the norms, the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, in addition to sanctions that corresponds to other authorities to impose.."</p>

28-05-99	0131	<p>Star Chief, Mefas Adventurer, Enilsa, Rhonda M, Pete's Dream, Carmen, Gemini, Tampico, Black Jack IV, Capt. Dragon Chau, Miss Kaitlin</p>	<p>Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec 1999</p> <p>“That within the areas stipulated in the Treaty... it is set:-area of Quitasueño in an extension of 4,189 Sq. Km (81 O' a 81 30' W and 14 0' to 14 40' N.- Waters adjacent to the Cays Roncador and Serrana. It is areas within the 12 nautical miles from the base lines from which the territorial sea is measured.</p> <p>The following measures of protection of the fishing resources exist: “... a ban on capture and extraction of spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed, ban of fishing of conch spade... it is requested that in the waters adjacent to the Cays Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana the bag net used in the capture of fish or of spiny lobster should have some panels of escape. Said boards should be manufactured of biodegradable material”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and the civil extra contractual responsibility as well as the</p>
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<p>measures of conservation applied to the Treaty... In case of violation the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, additional to those that have to be imposed by other authorities.</p>			

23-05-00	0188	Star Chief, Mefas Adventurer, Enilisa, Rhonda M, Pete's Dream, Carmen, Gemini, Tampico, Prospector	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 2000</p> <p>That within the areas stipulated in the Treaty... it is set:-area of Quitasueño shoal in an extension of 4.189 Sq. Km (81 O' a 81 30' W and 14 0' to 14 40' N.- Waters adjacent to the Cays Roncador and Serrana. It is areas within the 12 nautical miles from the base lines from which the territorial sea is measured. The following measures of protection of the fishing resources exist: "...a ban on capture and extraction of spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed, ban of fishing of conch spade... it is requested that in the waters adjacent to the Cays Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana the bag nets used in the capture of fish or of spiny lobster should have some panels of escape. Said boards should be manufactured of biodegradable material". "</p> <p>"The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and the civil extra contractual responsibility as well as the measures of conservation applied to the</p>
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<p>Treaty... In case of violation the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, additional to those that have to be imposed by other authorities.</p>				
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31-01-01	00052	Star Chief, Sea Nick, Enilsa, Bengal I, Pete's Dream, Black Jack IV, Prospector	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 2001</p> <p>“That within the waters of the Treaty... the following is fixed: - Area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of 4.189 Kms2 (81° 0' to 81° 30' longitude West and 14° 0' to 14° 40' latitude North). – Waters adjacent to Roncador and Serrana Cays, that is, the areas within 12 nautical miles measured from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the same is measured. The following conservation measures of the fishing resources exist: Prohibition concerning capturing and extracting spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimetres, and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed; ban on fishing for conch... in the waters adjacent to Quitasueño shoal and Roncador and Serrana cays, it is requested that the gillnets used for fish or spiny lobster capturing, have escape panels. Those panels must be of bio-degradable materials.”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine” ...</p>
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03-05-01	00167	Black Jack V, Mefas Adventurer, Kathryn V	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	<p>Valid until 31 Dec. 2001</p> <p>“That within the waters of the Treaty... the following is fixed: - Area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of 4.189 Kms² (81° 0' to 81° 30' longitude West and 14° 0' to 14° 40' latitude North). – Waters adjacent to Roncador and Serrana Cays, that is, the areas within 12 nautical miles measured from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the same is measured. The following conservation measures of the fishing resources exist: Prohibition concerning capturing and extracting spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimetres, and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed; ban on fishing for conch... in the waters adjacent waters to Quitasueño shoal and Roncador and Serrana cays, it is requested that the gillnets used for fish or spiny lobster capturing, have escape panels. Those panels must be of bio-degradable materials.”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p>
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25-02-02	00044	Rhonda M, Five J's, Mefas Adventurer, Star Chief, Enilsa, Pete's Dream, Black Jack IV, Black Jack V	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (the latter banned for conch)	Valid until 31 Dec. 2002 <p>“That within the waters of the Treaty... the following is fixed: - Area of Quitasueño shoal, in an extension of 4.189 Kms2 (81° 0' to 81° 30' longitude West and 14° 0' to 14° 40' latitude North). – Waters adjacent to Roncador and Serrana Cays, that is, the areas within 12 nautical miles measured from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the same is measured. The following conservation measures of the fishing resources exist: Prohibition concerning capturing and extracting spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimetres, and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed; ban on fishing for conch... in the waters adjacent waters to Quitasueño shoal and Roncador and Serrana cays, it is requested that the gillnets used for fish or spiny lobster capturing, have escape panels. Those panels must be of bio-degradable materials.”</p> <p>“...establish the prohibition to fish within the areas reserved for artisan fishing.”</p>
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<p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine”.</p> <p>“In case of violation of the provisions... the applicable penalties shall be imposed.”</p>				
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09-08-04	0202	Nemo's Bounty, Sea Hawk, Nite Hawk One	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 2005</p> <p>..That within the areas stipulated in the Treaty... in which the following areas are excluded for the practice of fishing in general: area of Quitasueño in an extension of 4.189 Sq. Km (81 O' a 81 30' W and 14 0'to 14 40'N.- Waters adjacent to the Cays Roncador and Serrana. It is areas within the 12 nautical miles from the base lines from which the territorial sea is measured. The following measures of protection of the fishing resources exist: "...a ban on capture and extraction of spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg-bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed, ban of fishing of conch spade... it is requested that in the waters adjacent to the Cays Quitasueño, Roncador and Serrana the bag nets used in the capture of fish or of spiny lobster should have some panels of escape. Said boards should be manufactured of biodegradable material". "</p> <p>"The owner... is responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and the civil extra</p>
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<p>contractual responsibility as well as the measures of conservation applied to the Treaty... In case of violation the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, additional to those that have to be imposed by other authorities.</p>				
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06-10-04	0288	Marsha Lynn	Waters... adjacent to Roncador, Serrana y Quitasueño (banned for conch)	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 2004</p> <p>..That within the areas stipulated in the Treaty... in which the following areas are excluded for the practice of fishing in general: area of Quitasueño Shoal in an extension of 4.189 Sq. Km (81 O' a 81 30' W and 14 0' to 14 40' N.- Waters adjacent to the Cays Roncador and Serrana. It is areas within the 12 nautical miles from the base lines from which the territorial sea is measured. The following measures of protection of the fishing resources exist: "...a ban on capture and extraction of spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimeters and capturing egg- bearing females or females whose eggs have been forcibly removed, ban of fishing of conch spade... it is requested that bag nets used in the capture of fish or of spiny lobster should have some panels of escape. Said boards should be manufactured of biodegradable material". "</p> <p>"The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and the civil extra contractual responsibility as well as the</p>
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<p>measures of conservation applied to the Treaty... In case of violation the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, additional to those that have to be imposed by other authorities.</p>				
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18-07-05	0210	<p>Star Chief, Enilsa, Black Jack IV, Black Jack V, Sea Hawk, Mefas Adventurer, Nite Hawk One, Nemo's Bounty, Stephanie Len</p>	<p>Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana</p>	<p>Valid until 31 Dec, 2005</p> <p>“That within the areas stipulated in the Treaty... in which the following areas are excluded for the practice of fishing in general: area of Quitasueño in an extension of 4.189 Sq. Km (81 0' a 81 30' W and 14 0'to 14 40' N.- Waters adjacent to the Cays Roncador and Serrana. It is areas within the 12 nautical miles from the base lines from which the territorial sea is measured.</p> <p>Prohibition of fishing in national parks and areas reserved to craft fishing.</p> <p>Prohibition of capture of spiny lobster with a tail length less than 14 centimeters...it is requested that bag nets used in the capture of fish or of spiny lobster should have some panels of escape. Said boards should be manufactured of biodegradable material”. ”</p> <p>“The owners... are responsible for compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine, and the civil extra contractual responsibility as well as the measures of conservation applied to the</p>
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<p>Treaty... In case of violation the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, additional to those that have to be imposed by other authorities.</p>				
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31-05-07	0147	Black Jack V, Mefas Adventurer, Black Jack IV, Pete's Dream	Waters adjacent to Quitasueno, Roncador and Serrana	<p>Valid until 31 Dec 2007</p> <p>"That the State Board of Fishing and Aquaculture of the Department Archipelago of San Andres, Providence and Santa Catalina ... reports that the mentioned motor ships only will be able to carry out the fishing activity in the areas: - Bank Quitasueno: The area included between coordinates 13°55' and 14°43'N, and 80°55'W and 81°28'W. - Roncador and Serrana: areas within the 12 nautical miles of Roncador and Serrana taken from the base lines from which the territorial sea is measured." "That it is not authorized the motor ship Mafas Adventurer for the extraction of the resources of Conch Spade (Strombus gigas) by virtue that INCODER did not assign for international treaties quotas of this resource for the year 2007"</p> <p>"That the patents to the mentioned motor ships have the following observations: - Prohibition of the fishing in national parks and in areas reserved for the craft fishing. - Prohibition of the capture of lobster of less than 14 cm of length of tail and egg-bearing females.- The prohibition of lobster is from April 1 to June 30, each year.</p> <p>"The owners...are responsible compliance with the regulations of the Colombian Merchant Marine and of the Civil extra contractual responsibility as well as of the measures of conservation applied to the Treaty... In case of violation the corresponding sanctions will be imposed, in addition to the sanctions that corresponds to be imposed by other authorities"</p>
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APPENDIX 7

EXERCISE OF SOVEREIGNTY AND JURISDICTION IN THE SAN ANDRÉS ARCHIPELAGO THROUGH NAVAL ACTIVITIES

Tables on pages to follow

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
06/08/1938	Destroyer ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Register on page 14 of the Historical log and account in English of the exchange of messages between the USS <i>Houston</i> and the ARC <i>Caldas</i> .	On 03/08/1938, the ARC <i>Caldas</i> sails from Cartagena de Indias bound for Providencia with a traveled distance of 390 miles.	Providencia	On 06/08/1938, the ARC <i>Caldas</i> , receives the official visit of the President of the United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
16/12/1949	Destroyer ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Register on page 36 of the Historical log.	The ARC <i>Caldas</i> sails from Cartagena de Indias bound for San Andrés to perform personnel reliefs.	San Andrés Island and Serrana Cay	On 19/12/1949, the Unit of San Andrés sails at 20:07 hrs bound for Serrana Bank, where it arrives and anchors on day 20 at 12:50 hrs. It traveled 156 miles.
15/02/1967	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 009 – CFNA/67.	It sails from Cartagena de Indias transporting materials bound for the Naval Post being built on San Andrés Island.	San Andrés Island	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
22/11/1967	Destroyer ARC 7 <i>de Agosto</i> , Destroyer ARC <i>Antioquia</i> , Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 093 – CFNA/67.	Inauguration of the Naval Post on San Andrés Island, patrolling and surveillance in the Cays of Serrana, Roncador and Quitasueño.	San Andrés Archipelago	They sail from Cartagena de Indias to continue with the Second Phase of the Cruise of Cadets; to transport the General Commander of the Military Forces and delegation to San Andrés Island.
01/08/1968	Destroyer ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Operations Report N° 8 of the Command of the Naval Force of the Atlantic	It sails from Cartagena de Indias in a patrol mission in the territorial waters adjacent to the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the Cays of Quitasueño, Serrana and Roncador.	San Andrés Archipelago	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
15/09/1968	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 114-CFNA/68.	Patrolling of islands and Cays of the Archipelago to safeguard national sovereignty.	San Andrés Archipelago	It sails from Cartagena de Indias with the purpose of destroying the ammunition aboard the old Frigate ARC <i>Admiral Padilla</i> , in the area of Bolivar Cay.
29/11/1968	ARC <i>Antioquia</i> and British Destroyer <i>Caprice</i>	Order of operations N° 150-CFNA/68.	Maritime Interdiction Operation “COLOMBRITEX II”	San Andrés Archipelago	Carrying out of joint naval training exercises with the operational visit of the United Kingdom’s unit to San Andrés

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
10/02/1969	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Brion</i>	Order of operations N° 018-CFNA/69.	It sails from Cartagena de Indias. Patrolling of the area of San Andrés Island, and Serrana, Quitasueño and Roncador.	San Andrés Island, Serrana, Quitasueño and Roncador	
15/03/1969	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Tono</i>	Operations Report N° 3 of the Atlantic Naval Force Command.	Patrolling of islands and cays of the Archipelago to safeguard national sovereignty.	San Andrés Island, Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño	The Unit sails from Cartagena de Indias in order to present honors to the General Commander of the Military Forces and to the Commander of the Navy, during their visit to San Andrés, and to transport them to Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
01/06/1969 to 30/06/69	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Brion</i>	Order of operations N° 080-CFNA-69.	It sails from Cartagena de Indias for patrol and surveillance duties, fighting contraband, illegal fishing and exercising national sovereignty in San Andrés and Providencia Islands, and adjacent Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Quitaseño, Serrana and Roncador Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
01/10/1969 to 31/10/69	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 129-CFNA/69.	It sails from Cartagena de Indias for patrol and surveillance duties, fighting contraband, illegal fishing and exercising national sovereignty in San Andrés and Providencia Islands, and the Cays of Quitasueño, Serrana and Roncador.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Quitasueño, Serrana and Roncador Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
1/12/69 to 31/12/69	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Tono</i>	Order of operations N° 147-CFNA/69.	Patrolling of islands and cays of the Archipelago to safeguard national sovereignty.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Quituesueño, Serrana and Roncador Cays	It sails from Cartagena de Indias in order to present honors to the Commander of the Navy accompanied by eight (8) Senators, during their visit to San Andrés and to provide him with transportation to Providencia and adjacent Cays.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
15/08/1969	ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i> and Plane FAC-623 <i>Catalina</i>	Order of operations N° 106-CFNA/69.	Search and rescue	Route Turbo - San Andrés and Route San Andrés – Providencia.	Results: Tugboat <i>Rose Mary</i> was located by ARC <i>Gorgona</i> at 10 miles SW from Cay Alburquerque and motor ship “Wave Crest” was located and towed by another fishing boat.
10/10/1972	Light Destroyer ARC <i>Boyacá</i>		Maritime Interdiction “UNITAS XII”	San Andrés Archipelago	
25/10/1972	Destroyer ARC <i>Caldas</i>		Maritime Interdiction “UNITAS XII”	San Andrés Archipelago	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
10/02/1975	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Tono</i>	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Colonel Hector Cortez Aguilar.	Reparations of lodgings, Serrana and Roncador Cays	Serrana and Roncador Cays	The lodgings were repaired on the Cays of Serrana and Roncador, with materials sent by the Command of the Naval Forces of the Atlantic in Cartagena de Indias, with a cost of COP \$53.000,00.
25/05/1975	Transport Ship ARC <i>San Andrés</i>	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Colonel Hector Cortez Aguilar.	Visit of the National Government	Serrana, Roncador, Serranilla and Quitaseño Cays.	A commission of the National Government arrives at the Naval Post, including a delegate of the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
14/06/1975	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Tono</i>	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Colonel Hector Cortez Aguilar.	Relief of Marines personnel	Serrana and Roncador Cays.	It docks at San Andrés in order to perform personnel reliefs in the Cays of Serrana and Roncador. Also, some radio operators travel to perform tests in Serrana.
26/01/1979	Petroleum Transport Ship ARC <i>Tumaco</i>	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by Commander, Lieutenant of Ship Ruben Combariza Segura.	Relief of Marines personnel	Serrana and Roncador Cays	It docks in San Andrés with the purpose of carrying out personnel relief on the Cays of Serrana and Roncador.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
15/06/1979	Naval Station ARC San Andrés	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by Commander, Lieutenant of Ship Ruben Combariza Segura.	Search and rescue	San Andrés	13 Nicaraguan vessels coming from Nicaragua with 300 refugees, among them, 56 armed members of the Sandinista movement.
04/09/1979	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by Commander, Lieutenant of Ship Ruben Combariza Segura.	Relief of Marines personnel	Serrana and Roncador Cays	It arrives at the garrison to perform personnel relief on the Cays of Roncador and Serrana, as well as to patrol the area.
15/12/1979	Tugboat ARC <i>Rodrigo de Bastidas</i>	Historical log of the Naval Post ARC San Andrés, signed by Commander, Lieutenant of Ship Ruben Combariza.	Relief of Marines personnel	Serrana and Roncador Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
20/12/1979	Terrestrial Unit Fuerza de Tarea N° 11	Plan of Operations N° 06/79-SECAR and Order of operations N° 173- CFNA/79.	Task Force (Fuerza de Tarea) N° 11, is organized	San Andrés and, Providencia, Roncador, Quitaseño, Serrana, Seranilla, Bajo Nuevo, Alburquerque, East South Cays.	
05/01/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
06/02/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	
05/03/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/04/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	
05/05/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/06/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	
05/07/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/08/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	
05/09/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/10/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	
05/11/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/12/1981	Colombian Navy Unit	Operational activities of the Naval Post N° 11, San Andrés, signed by the Commander, Captain of Corvette Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Personnel relief on the Cays.	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays.	
13/04/1982	CESYP	Resolution N° 647 of 1982, Provision N° 005 of 1982, Operational Directive N° 300- 3/82	The Specific Command of San Andrés and Providencia is established (under the acronym CESYP)	San Andrés Archipelago	By these regulations the Ministry of National Defense and the General Command of the Military Forces create the CESYP.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
06/07/1982	ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 156-CFNA/82.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays.	A visit from President Julio C. Turbay and President-elect Belisario Betancourt to the ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i> is recorded in the Historical log.
24/09/1982	ARC <i>Mitu</i>	Operational Activities of Naval Post N° 11 (San Andrés), signed by the Commander, Captain Jorge Alberto Páez Escobar.	Search and rescue - motor ship "Pescasa" of Nicaraguan flag	Providencia	Information is received from Lieutenant Fernando Zapata on the status of the vessel, with five crew members.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
22/01/1983	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Historical log of the ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés Archipelago	First degree barracking of personnel in San Andrés due to the presence of the President on the Island.
27/02/1984	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 040-CFNA/84.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés Archipelago	In the Historical log of the ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i> an account of a visit of the President of the Republic and other personalities, such as the Justice Minister Rodrigo Lara Bonilla and Costa Rican diplomats, is found.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
07/03/1985	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 065-CFNA/85.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés and Providencia Islands and Serranilla Cays	In the Historical log of the ARC <i>Independiente</i> an account of the visit of the President and other personalities such as the Minister of Defense, Gen. Miguel Vega Uribe, the Communications Minister Noemí Sanín and the Commander of the Navy, Tito García Mota, is recorded.
17/01/1986	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>		Joint Operation with U.S. ship	San Andrés Archipelago	
20/04/1986	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>		Personnel relief on the Cays.	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing (Motor ship <i>Young G</i> , Honduran flag)

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
25/04/1986	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>			Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing (Motor ship <i>Miss Giselle</i> , Honduran flag)
25/04/1986	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>			Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing (Motor ship <i>Apolo II</i> , Honduran flag)
22/06/1986	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>		Personnel relief on the Cays.	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
04/06/1986	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>		Search and rescue	Quitasueño Cay	Search and rescue operation for/of crew of the sailboat <i>It's a Paradise</i> that ran aground in Quitasueño
16/10/1986	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 287-CFNA/86.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays	In the Historical log of the ARC <i>Independiente</i> an account of an encounter with a naval unit of the USA is recorded.
10/03/1987	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 009-CESYP/87.	Patrolling the Archipelago	Roncador	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing (Motor ship <i>Lianette</i> , Honduran flag)

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
10/03/1987	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 045-CFNA/87.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays	
21/04/87 to 30/04/87	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>		Personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays	
11/05/1987	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 126-CFNA/87.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
23/09/1987 to 16/10/1987	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 262-CFNA/87.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	East-Southeast Cays San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	Patrolling with ESM sensors to maintain external cover is recorded in the Historical log of the ARC <i>Independiente</i> .
25/01/1988 to 10/03/1988	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 021-CFNA/88.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago personnel relief on the Cays, and Search and rescue.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
10/03/1988 to 01/04/1988	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 071-CFNA/88.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
09/1988	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 267-CFNA/88.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	Operation “Archipelago 88” is recorded in the Historical log of the ARC <i>Antioquia</i> , concerning exercise of sovereignty along maritime boundaries. President Virgilio Barco, Minister of Defense, Rafael Samudio, and Admiral Rafael Grau Araujo aboard.
23/01/1989	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 022-CFNA/89.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés Archipelago	
27/09/1989	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 269-CFNA/89.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés Archipelago	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
03/04/1990	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 093-CFNA/90.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla	
16/05/1990	Destroyer ARC “Antioquia”	Order of operations N° 141-CFNA/90.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>Desmon G</i> , Honduran flag)
31/05/1990 to 08/06/1990	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 165-CFNA/90.	Antinarcotics interdiction, Patrolling the Archipelago personnel relief on the Cays and logistic support.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands and East- Southeast Cays.	The visit of President-elect Cesar Gaviria Trujillo and spouse to Bolívar Cay and San Andrés Island is recorded in the Historical log of the ARC <i>Independiente</i> .

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
21/12/1990	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 398-CFNA/90.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	
05/02/1991 to 23/02/1991	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 035-CFNA/91.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago personnel relief on the Cays and search-and- rescue logistic support.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla and Roncador Cays.	
09/1991 to 10/1991	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 236-CFNA/91.	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays and search and rescue missions.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
25/10/1991	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 290-CFNA/91.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	
09/04/1992	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 111-CFNA/92.	Search and rescue	San Andrés Archipelago	Search and rescue operation of the sailboat <i>Raziman</i> .
07/1992 to 08/1992	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 207-CFNA/92.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	
04/04/1993	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 110-CFNA/93.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the	San Andrés and Providencia	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
			Cays	Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	
13/05/1993	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Order of operations N° 156-CFNA/93.	Patrolling the Archipelago	Serranilla, Serrana and Roncador Cays	Transport of the President Cesar Gaviria Trujillo and official delegation to Serranilla Cays.
09/06/1993	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago	Lat. 14°46'2"N Long. 81°55'5"W Lat. 14°46'2"N Long. 81°55'5"W	Inspection of motor ships found while engaged in illegal fishing (<i>My Wave</i> and <i>All John</i> , of Nicaraguan flag). The Captain of the ARC <i>Independiente</i> ordered Nicaraguan vessels to leave the area under Colombian jurisdiction. The motor ships complied

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
					with the order.
07/07/1993	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago	Lat. 14°34'9"N Long. 81°51'1"W	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>Sheena MC II</i> , Honduran flag)
27/07/1993	Destroyer ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Order of operations N° 289-CFNA/1993	Patrolling the Archipelago and search and rescue operation.	San Andrés Archipelago Lat. 12°26'9"N Long. 81°31'5"W	Search and rescue operation of the motor ships <i>Reina Beatriz</i> and <i>Navegando III</i> of Spanish flag.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/12/1993	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 074-CESYP/93	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago personnel relief on the Cays and logistic support.	Serrana, Serranilla and Roncador Cays	Sailing along the 82°W meridian, in order to verify the presence of fishing vessels engaged in illegal fishing activities.
26/12/1993	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 440-CFNA/93	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	Operation of search and rescue of the Sailboat <i>Madelí Too</i> .
01/1994 to 02/1994	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 015-CFNA/94.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana,	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
				Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	
14/02/1994	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Order of operations N° 038-CFNA/94. U Order of operations N° 008-CESYP/94. and Order of operations N° 145-CFNA/94.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque and East-Southeast Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
25/03/1994	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago	Lat. 14°48'N Long. 81°49'W	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>La Esperanza</i> of Venezuelan flag)
19/06/1994	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 200-CFNA/94. U Order of operations N° 017-CESYP/94.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque, Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays.	
27/06/1994	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations CIPHERED Cable N° 270300R-CESYP- JUN/94.	Patrolling the Archipelago, search and rescue operation.	Quituesueño	Search and rescue operation of the sailboat <i>Sun Shine Lady</i> .

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
03/09/1994	ARC <i>Malpelo</i>	Order of operations N° 026-CESYP/94.	Patrolling the Archipelago	Serranilla	Inspection and warning to motor ship (motor ship <i>Dolphin Lady</i> of Jamaica)
05/10/1994 to 31/10/1994	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 346-CFNA/94. U Order of operations N° 031 and 034- CESYP/94.	Antinarcotic interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque, Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays.	13 October, pursuit and capture of motor ship <i>Capitan Junior</i> (Honduran flag) in the general area of Quitasueño. Order to return to Honduran jurisdiction.
13/12/1994	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 379-CFNA/94. U Order of operations N° 038 and 039- CESYP/94.	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays and search and rescue operation.	General area of the Cays of the San Andrés Archipelago	Search and rescue operation of the sailboat <i>Brocken</i> .

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
21/01/1995	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque, Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays.	
17/02/1995	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 055-CFNA/95.	Patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés Archipelago	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
03/1995 to 04/1995	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia 5KMA</i>	Order of operations N° 086-CFNA/95.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque, Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays.	Visit of the Minister of Defense, a group of Senators and the Mayor of Providencia aboard the ARC <i>Antioquia</i> .
18/04/1995 to 17/05/1995	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 131-CFNA/95.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays and logistic support.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Serranilla, and Serrana.	Rendezvous, with USS <i>Escoraba</i> to receive 9 members of the crew of motor ship <i>Jairo</i> for the collection of evidence on narcotics traffic.
10/07/1995	Frigate ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 270-CFNA/95.	Patrolling the Archipelago	Lat. 14°51'2"N Long. 81°35'3"W.	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>El Gavilan</i> , Venezuelan flag).

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
06/11/1995	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 435-CFNA/95.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés Archipelago, including Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque, Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays.	
01/1996 to 02/1996	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>	Order of operations N° 009-CFNA/96.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés Archipelago, including Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque, Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays.	
19/02/1996 to 05/04/1996	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 012-CESYP/96.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays and logistic support	Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador and Quitaeño Cays	February 24, inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
					fishing. (Motor ship <i>Blue Diamond</i> , Honduran flag).
08/03/1996	ARC <i>Jose Maria Garcia Toledo</i>	Order of operations N° 015-CESYP/96.	Patrolling the Archipelago.	Lat. 15°45'N Long. 79°51'W	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>La Mascota</i> , Honduran flag)
17/03/1996	ARC <i>Jose Maria Garcia Toledo</i>	Order of operations N° 016-CESYP/96.	Patrolling the Archipelago.	Lat. 14°49'N Long. 81°42'W	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>Capitán Giordano</i> , Honduran flag)
08/05/1996	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 169-CFNA/96. U Order of operations N° 027-CESYP/96.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés Archipelago, including Serrana, Serranilla, Roncador, Alburquerque,	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
10/11/1996	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Juan Nepomuceno Eslava</i>	Order of operations N° 060-CESYP/96.	Antinarcoics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago.	Bajo Nuevo and East-Southeast Cays. Lat. 14°54 N Long. 81°37 W	Motor ship <i>Julia C</i> of Honduran flag was intercepted and inspected.
21/11/1996	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Order of operations N° 569-CFNA/96.	Patrolling the Archipelago	East-Southeast Cays.	Inauguration of Colombian TV signal on these Cays.
21/01/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 003-CESYP/97	Antinarcoics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago.	Quitasueño	Motor ships <i>Island Express</i> and <i>Maria Jose</i> were inspected for possible presence of narcotics and weapons.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
25/01/1997 to 12/02/1997	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 004-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays.	
07/03/1997	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Order of operations N° 011-CESYP/97.	Antinarcotics interdiction patrolling the Archipelago.	Serranilla, Serrana and Roncador Cays.	Materials were transported to Serranilla in order to activate the interdiction duties to be carried out in that area. In the south zone of Serrana Cay a meticulous inspection was carried out to search for a suspected cargo of cocaine.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
21/03/1997	Oceanographic ARC <i>Providencia</i>	Order of Operations No 018-CESYP/97	Lighthouses and meteorological stations' maintenance, antinarcotics interdiction.	San Andrés and Providencia Islands, Quitaeño and Roncador Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
26/03/1997	Oceanographic ARC <i>Providencia</i>	Order of Operations No 021-CESYP/97	Antinarcotics interdiction patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on Serranilla Cay and installation of buoy.	Serranilla	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
08/04/1997	ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of Operations No 025-CESYP/97	Patrolling the Archipelago and protection to Colombian fishing vessels	Lat. 15°00'00"N Long. 82°00'00"W Lat. 14°38'00"N Long. 81°50'00"W Lat. 14°36'00"N Long. 81°53'00"W	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
25/04/1997	Frigate ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Order of operations N° 028-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays, logistic support	San Andrés Island, Roncador, Serranilla and Bajo Nuevo Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
01/06/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 039-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés Island, Serranilla, Serrana and Roncador	
17/07/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 047-CESYP/97.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago.	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla and Bajo Nuevo Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
05/08/1997	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 052-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	San Andrés Island, and Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays	
28/08/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 058-CESYP/97.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	General area of Quitասueño Cay	
30/08/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 059 CESYP/97	Search and rescue operation	Quitասueño	Support to the ARC <i>Espartana</i> due to propulsion problems.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
11/09/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 062 CESYP/97	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cay	Roncador Cay	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
12/09/1997	Patrol Boat <i>ARC Juan Nepomuceno Estava</i>	Order of operations N° 063-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Serrana and Serranilla	Following relief of marines personnel, the Unit remains anchored at Serranilla, then sails to point A, and from this point returns to San Andrés, sailing on a 180° course along the 82°W meridian.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
03/10/1997	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Juan Nepomuceno Eslava</i>	Order of operations N° 067-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays, logistical support	Serranilla, Serrana and Roncador Cays.	
17/10/1997 to 24/10/1997	Patrol Boats ARC <i>Quindío and Juan Nepomuceno Eslava</i>	CESYP Report to the Navy Command, Note N° 785- CESYP-JEMA-351 31 October 1997 and Order of operations N° 072-CESYP/97	Search and rescue operation	Serranilla	Rescue of Honduran fishermen abandoned by the ships <i>Bettand Ree</i> and <i>Arille Junior</i> (Honduran Flag). October 24, the fishermen were transferred to Honduran patrol ship <i>Goascoran</i> at Lat. 14°59'08"N and Long. 82°00'00"W.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
11/11/1997	Tugboat ARC <i>Quindio</i>	Order of operations N° 074-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago and medical evacuation of a marine from Serranilla Cay.	Serranilla	
12/11/1997	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 076-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays, and installation of communications equipment.	Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays.	DICOM was installed and support to motor ship <i>Luisa</i> was provided. Motor ship <i>Taru II</i> was escorted and motor ships <i>Water Spirit</i> and <i>Liannette</i> were ordered to stop for inspection.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
10/12/1997	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 082-CESYP/97.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays.	
21/11/1997	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 078-CESYP/97.	Antinarcoitics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Serrana	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ships <i>Water Spirit</i> Dominican flag and <i>Lianette</i> , Honduran flag)
25/02/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 013-CESYP/98.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Serranilla, Serrana, Roncador and Bajo Nuevo Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
04/04/1998	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 018-CESYP/98.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago.	Roncador Cay	
29/04/1998	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 020-CESYP/98	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Quitasueño, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays.	
26/05/1998	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 026-CESYP/98.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Quitasueño, Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays.	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
30/05/1998	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations FRAGM N° 027- CESYP/98.	Joint antinarcotics operation	San Andrés Archipelago	Rendezvous with the USS <i>South Carolina</i> , to receive the motor ship <i>Foot Loose</i> .
03/06/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 029 and 034- CESYP/98.	Patrolling the Archipelago.	Roncador and Quitaseño Cays.	
09/06/1998 to 15/06/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago	82°W meridian and waters adjacent to Serranilla and Serrana Cays.	
18/06/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago.	Lat. 14°13'06"N Long. 81°12'09"W	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>Gilbert</i> , Colombian flag).

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
07/08/1998	ARC <i>Cartagena de Indias</i>	Order of operations N° 039-CESYP/98	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays	
28/08/1998	Frigate ARC <i>Caldas</i>		Joint antinarcotics operation	Lat. 12°48'05"N Long. 81°32'W.	Rendezvous with the USCG <i>North Land</i> to receive a fast boat.
06/09/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 211-CFNA/98	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago.	Serrana	The motor ship <i>Laura Ann</i> of Honduran flag was captured for illegal fishing, and its crew was taken to San Andrés Island.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
07/09/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations N° 043-CESYP/98	Antinarcoics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla Cays.	
09/09/1998	Oceanographic ARC <i>Providencia</i>		Joint antinarcoics operation	Lat. 12°16'N Long. 81°40'W	Rendezvous with the USCGC <i>Thetis</i> , to receive a fast boat.
15/09/1998	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 045-CESYP/98	Antinarcoics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	San Andrés Island - Alburquerque	
23/09/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>		Joint antinarcoics operation	Lat. 12°43'N Long. 82°28'W	Rendezvous with the USS <i>Dallas</i> , to receive a fast boat under the name of <i>Tasmania Devil</i> .

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
23/09/1998	Tugboat ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Order of operations 047-CESYP/98.	Antinarcoitics interdiction	Serrana Cay	Search for narcotics left by fast boat <i>Tasmania Devil</i> .
09/10/1998	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations 050-CESYP/98	Antinarcoitics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	East-Southeast Cays	
23/10/1998	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 053 -CESYP/98.	Patrolling and control Archipelago	Serranilla Cay	Evacuation of marines due to hurricane Mitch.
13/11/1998	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 055 -CESYP/98.	Antinarcoitics interdiction, patrolling and control Archipelago	East-Southeast and Alburquerque Cays	
11/12/1998	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 061 -CESYP/98.	Search and rescue	Lat. 14°24'N Long. 81°35'W Lat. 12°24'N Long. 81°19'W	Search and rescue operation of sailboat <i>Don Jose</i> Colombian flag.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
				Lat. 12°05'N Long. 81°35'W Lat. 12°05'N Long. 81°19'W	
31/12/1998	ARC <i>Capitán Pablo José de Porto</i>	Order of operations N° 068-CESYP/98.	Search and rescue	Lat. 14°09'17"N Long. 81°09'11"W	Search and rescue operation of the motor ship <i>Chios Fighter</i> of Panamanian flag.
01/01/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 001-CESYP/99.	Search and rescue	Quitasueño Cay	Security duties and investigation of the incident involving motor Ship <i>Chios Fighter</i> of Panamanian flag.

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
13/01/1999	ARC <i>Pablo Jose de Porto</i>	Order of operations N° 003-CESYP/99	Joint antinarcotics operation	Lat. 14°00'00" N Long. 79°00'00"W	Rendezvous with the USS <i>Estocin</i> , to receive the Motor ship "Sex Iula".
12/02/1999	ARC <i>Cartagena de Indias</i>	Order of operations N° 010-CESYP/99	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays.	Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays	
19/02/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 011-CESYP/99	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Northwest area of Quitasueño Cay	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motorship <i>Capitan Elo</i> of Honduran flag)
16/04/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 023-CESYP/99.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Quitasueño Cay	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
21/04/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>JE Marquez</i>	Order of operations N° 024-CESYP/99.	Patrolling the Archipelago	Quitasueño Cay	
07/05/1999 to 10/05/1999	Patrol Boats ARC <i>J.E. Marquez</i> and ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 028 and 029- CESYP/99	Search and rescue	Area of Quitasueño	Aid to vessel <i>Capitan Kaylon</i> .
11/07/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 043-CESYP/99.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño and Serranilla Cays	Transport of CORALINA research team to Quitasueño Cay
26/07/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 046-CESYP/99.	Patrolling the Archipelago, maintenance of communications equipment.	Serranilla and Roncador Cays	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>Penny M-I</i> of Honduran flag)
20/08/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>J.E. Marquez</i>	Order of operations N° 052-CESYP/99.	Personnel relief on the Cays.	Serranilla, Serrana and Roncador Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
02/09/1999	Oceanographic ARC <i>Providencia</i> and Patrol Boat ARC <i>J.E. Marquez</i>	Order of operations N° 056-CESYP/99	Patrolling the Archipelago	Quitasueño Cay	Inspection and remanding to custody of a motor ship found while engaged in illegal fishing. (Motor ship <i>Lady Champ</i> of Honduran flag)
24/09/1999	Patrol Boat ARC <i>J.E. Marquez</i>	Order of operations N° 063-CESYP/99	Search and rescue	Serrana Cay	Motor ship <i>Play Lewinski</i> of Honduran flag was rescued, following a fire. Some of its crew members were injured as a result.
19/12/1999	Frigate ARC <i>Antioquia</i>		Patrolling the Archipelago	Quitasueño Cay	
31/01/2000	Colombian Navy Vessel (N3CESYP)	Order of operations N° 004-CFNA/00.	Patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cay	Serranilla Cay	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
06/02/2001	ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Order of operations N° 002- 004CFNA/01.	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Serranilla and Quitasueño Cays	
18/05/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 106-CEGSAI- 2001	Patrolling the Archipelago and to tow ARC <i>Punta</i> <i>Evans</i>	Serrana Cay	
07/06/2001	Patrol Boat ARC <i>Espartana</i>	Order of operations N° 003-CESYP/01	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief on the Cays and official visit	Roncador, Serrana and Serranilla Cays	
10/07/2001	ARC <i>Caldas</i>	Order of operations N° 006-CESYP/01	Patrolling the Archipelago, personnel relief in the Cay and logistical support	Serrana and Quitasueño Cays	
20/08/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i> and ARC <i>Punta</i> <i>Evans</i>	Order of operations N° 165-CEGSAI- 2001	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Roncador and Serrana Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
13/10/2001	ARC <i>Pablo José de Porto</i>	Order of operations N° 013-CESYP/01	Patrolling the Archipelago	Roncador, Serranilla and Quitaseño Cays	
18/10/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 217-CEGSAI- 2001	Antinarcoitics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Quitaseño and Serrana Cays	
04/11/2001	ARC <i>Pablo José de Porto</i>	Order of operations N° 015-CESYP/01	Patrolling the Archipelago.	Bajo Nuevo Serranilla and Quitaseño Cays	
06/11/2001	ARC <i>Cotton Cay</i> and ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 232-CEGSAI- 2001	Antinarcoitics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	Quitaseño, Serrana and Roncador Cays	
15/11/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 243-CEGSAI- 2001	Antinarcoitics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago	East-Southeast Cays	

Date dd/mm/yy	Naval Unit	Legal norm and/or order of operations	Purpose of the operation	Area and / or coordinates	Observations
20/11/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 251-CEGSAL- 2001	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago, logistical support and personnel relief on the Cays	East-Southeast Cays	
12/12/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 272-CEGSAL- 2001	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago and personnel relief on the Cays	East-Southeast Cays	
13/12/2001	ARC <i>Sirius</i>	Order of operations N° 273-CEGSAL- 2001	Antinarcotics interdiction, patrolling the Archipelago, logistical support and personnel relief on the Cays	Albuquerque Cay	

Appendix 8

COLOMBIAN INTERDICTION OF ILLEGAL FISHING IN THE AREA OF THE SAN ANDRÉS ARCHIPELAGO

Tables on pages to follow

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
1	May 1967	Serrana	Vessel owned by Jamaican contractor of United States' company W.R. Crippen Sea Foods Inc.			Cable of 10 May 1967 from the United States Embassy in Bogotá to the Department of State. Cable of 16 May 1967 from the Department of State to the United States embassy in Bogotá.
2	November 1968	Lat. 14°04'N Long. 81°20'W	<i>Geminis</i> / United States			Note N° 03308/MIDSG-A-559 of 18 November 1968, from the Colombian Defense Minister to the Colombian Foreign Minister.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
3	March 1973	Serrana	<i>Tampico,</i> <i>Swann Island,</i> <i>Yucatan /</i> United States			Note of 9 May 1973, from the Colombian Foreign Ministry to the United States Embassy in Bogotá. Note E.O. 11652N/A of 25 May 1973, from the United States Embassy in Bogotá to the Department of State.
4	30 March 1977	Lat. 14°43'N Long. 81°30'W	<i>Lady Alda/</i> Nicaragua			Colombian Diplomatic Note N° D.M. 00174 of 4 April 1977 to Nicaragua. Informs of capture of Nicaraguan vessel found by Colombian Navy while carrying out unauthorized fishing activities.
5	19 January 1980	Lat. 14°45'N Long. 81°35'W	<i>Liberty Bell /</i> Honduras			Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° FN/HS 007 of 22 January 1980, protests due to interception of vessel. Claims incident took place at 82°30' long. W, between 13° and 14°lat. N. Colombian Diplomatic Note N° DM 00029 of 25 January 1980, replies there has been no incident involving a Nicaraguan vessel.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
6	13 July 1980	Lat. 15.7°N Long. 81°40'W	<i>René B</i> / Honduras			Honduran Diplomatic Note N° 241 of 25 July 1980: Claims that upon capture of vessel, Colombian Navy ship Commander stated that Colombia regarded its jurisdiction to extend up to 17° Lat. N and 82° Long. W. Colombian Diplomatic Note of 10 September 1980 states that vessel was released following confiscation of fishing products. Adds that incident was due to the absence of an adequate maritime delimitation between both countries.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
7	29 November 1980	Waters in proximity to Quitasueño	<i>Inés C / Honduras</i>		INDERENA ¹ Resolution N° 0951 of 9 April 1981.	Motor-vessel captured while carrying out illegal fishing activities. Taken to San Andrés. 800 lobster tails confiscated. DIMAR ² informs Colombian Foreign Ministry by note N° 0069 of the release of vessel and crew, with confiscation of fishing products as penalty.
8	12 March 1981	Serranilla Cay	<i>Capitán Zapata / Honduras</i>	<i>ARC³ Rodrigo de Bastidas</i>		The fishing vessel appeared on Serranilla Cay without a fishing permit. The vessel was detained; the crewmembers were taken to land and subsequently to San Andrés. Honduran Diplomatic Note of protest N° 174 DSM of 9 April 1981. Colombian reply of May 1981.

¹ Colombian Institute of Renewable Natural Resources.

² Maritime and Port General Directorate (Colombian Maritime Authority).

³ ARC is the Spanish acronym for Armada de la República de Colombia (Colombian Navy).

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
9	17 March 1984	Waters in proximity to Quitasueño	<i>Morning Mist</i> / Honduras			Colombian Diplomatic Note N° P.E. 01205 of 21 March 1984 to Honduras. Informs of capture of vessel by Colombian Navy due to its having been found while carrying out fishing activities without authorization form Colombian relevant authorities.
10	April 1984	Waters in proximity to Quitasueño	<i>Berta G /</i> Honduras			Colombian Diplomatic Note N° P.E. 01754 of 10 April 1984 to Honduras. Informs of capture of vessel by Colombian Navy due to its having been found while carrying out fishing activities without authorization form Colombian relevant authorities.
11	24 April 1985	Lat. 14°28'N Long. 81°12'W	<i>Miss Sandra Carolina /</i> Honduras	ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 017 of 28 October 1985	Fine in the amount of COP \$135.570, for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
12	22 April 1986	Lat. 15°29'N Long. 80°54'W	<i>Miss Gisselly</i> / Honduras	<i>ARC Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 006 of 30 April 1986	Fine in the amount of COP \$134.488 for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
13	22 April 1986	Lat. 15°29'N Long. 80°54'W	<i>Apolo II</i> Honduras	<i>ARC Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 007 of 30 April 1986	Fine in the amount of COP \$134.488 for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
14	22 April 1986	Lat. 15°29'N Long. 80°54'W	<i>Joven G</i> Honduras	<i>ARC Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 008 of 30 April 1986	Fine in the amount of COP \$134.488 for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
15	3 July 1986	Serranilla	<i>Gambler</i> / Honduras	<i>ARC Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 015 of 21 July 1986	Fine in the amount of COP \$168.110 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities, and for violation of provisions of the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS).
16	21 February 1987	Quitásueño	<i>Lianette</i> / Honduras		Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 004 of 17 March 1987. Resolution confirmed by the Maritime Director-General in decision of 7 May 1987.	Fine in the amount of COP \$102.750 for carrying out fishing in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
17	16 May 1990	Lat. 15°54'N Long. 79°53'W	<i>Desmond G</i> / Honduras	ARC Antioquia	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° NR.03-CP-7-90 of 19 May 1990	Fine in the amount of COP \$616.875 for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
18	21 March 1991	Lat. 14°25'N Long. 81°10'W	<i>Bette Ree</i> / Honduras	ARC <i>Rodrigo de Bastidas</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 13 of 1 April 1991	Fine in the amount of COP \$357.847 for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
19	10 February 1992	Lat. 14°06'N Long. 81°57'W	<i>Sonia Esperanza</i> / Honduras			Colombian Foreign Ministry, Protest Note N° 19665 of June 30 1992; Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N°020126 of July 21 1992.
20	2 April 1992	Lat. 14°09'N Long. 82°00'W	<i>Los Angeles</i> / Colombia			Colombian Foreign Ministry, Protest Note N° 19665 June 30 1992. Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N°020126 of July 21 1992. Incident took place at 82° 00'.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
21	2 December 1992	Lat. 15°53'N Long. 78°40'W	<i>Courageos</i> / Honduras	ARC Providencia	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Decision, on appeal, of 1 March 1993	Confirms decision issued by that Port Captaincy on 7 December 1992, imposing fine for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
22	2 December 1992	Lat. 15°53'N Long. 78°40'W	<i>Lady Tyke</i> / Honduras	ARC Providencia	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Decision, on appeal, of 1 March 1993	Confirms decision issued by that Port Captaincy on 7 December 1992, imposing fine for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
23	21 January 1993	Lat. 14°42'N Long. 81°42'W	<i>Capitán Junior</i> / Honduras	ARC <i>Independiente</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 007 of 2 February 1993	Fine in the amount of COP \$4.4890.600 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
24	February 1993	Lat. 15°29'N Long. 80°54'W	<i>Miss Caribbean</i> / Honduras	ARC <i>Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 013 of 9 March 1993	Fine in the amount of COP \$3.015.000 for operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
25	5 April 1993	Lat. 13° 49'N Long. 81°58'13"W	Miss Tina			Vessel captured by Nicaraguan authorities. Protest by Colombian Diplomatic Note of April 1993, to Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry.
26	9 June 1993	Lat. 14°46'N Long. 81°55'W	<i>My Wave/</i> Honduras flag working with Nicaragua license	ARC <i>Independiente</i>		Nicaragua protested by note 930150 of 11 June 1993. Expressed the incident took place west of meridian 82° Colombian Diplomatic Note N° D.M. 01418 of 19 July 1993 to Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry. In reply to Nicaragua concerning the incident involving the vessel and helicopters of the Colombian Air Force.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
27	9 June 1993	Lat. 14°46'N Long. 81°56'W	<i>All John</i> / Honduras flag working with Nicaragua license	ARC <i>Independiente</i>		Nicaragua protested by note 930150 of 11 June 1993. Expressed the incident took place west of meridian 82° Colombian Diplomatic Note N° D.M. 01418 of 19 July 1993 to Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry. In reply to Nicaragua concerning the incident involving the vessel and helicopters of the Colombian Air Force.
28	7 July 1993	Lat. 14°37'N Long. 81°48'W	<i>Sheena MC II</i> / Honduras	ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 035 of 13 July 1993	Fine in the amount of COP \$4.075.000 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities. Nicaragua protested by note 930158 of 9 July 1993. Expressed the incident took place west of meridian 82°

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
29	20 March 1995	Lat. 13°48'N Long. 81°59'W	<i>Sea Dog</i> / Colombia			Colombian vessel captured by Nicaraguan authorities. Protest by Colombian Diplomatic Note N° DM 00304 of 3 April 1995 to Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry; Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note 950151 of 4 April 1995 to Colombia, vessel's location according to that note: Lat. 13°46'00" and Long. 81°59'00"; Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° 950162 of 5 April de 1995; Colombian Diplomatic Notes N° ST 16240/689 of 17 May 1995 and VA of 18 May 1995.
30	10 October 1995	Lat. 14°51'N Long. 81°35'W	<i>El Gavilán</i> / Venezuela	ARC <i>Almirante Padilla</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 072.CP7.SEJUR-95 of 12 October 1995	Fine in the amount of COP \$2.378.670 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
31	8 January 1996	1.5 nm off Serranilla Cay	Coastguard Unit USCG <i>Tahoma</i> - WMEC-908 / United States	Advanced Naval Post		Colombian Navy, General Commander's Note N° 0097 CARMA-JEMN-206 of 10 January 1996, to Armed Forces, General Commander. Colombian Navy, Commander of the Atlantic Naval Force's Note NR 0028-CFNA-JEMFA-FNAN3-333 of 10 January 1996, to the Chief of Naval Operations of the Colombian Navy.
32	27 February 1996	Quitասueño	<i>Blue Diamond</i> Honduras	Vessel of the Colombian Navy		Honduran Note No 057-SAM-96 of 1 March 1996 to Colombia. The vessel was released without a fine.
33	9 March 1996	Lat. 15°47'N Long. 79°51'W	<i>La Mascota</i> / Honduras	ARC <i>José María García Toledo</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 030-CP7-SEJUR-96 of 13 March 1996	Fine in the amount of COP \$3.553.125 for entering Colombian waters without the relevant permit, not answering the radio calls from Serranilla Post, being in total darkness to elude authorities and sailing in flight with a course as to abandon Colombian waters unapprehended.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
34	16 March 1996	Lat. 14°49'N Long. 81°42'W	<i>Capitán Giordano</i> Honduras	Vessel of the Colombian Navy		Colombian Diplomatic Note N° 000342 of 22 March 1996 to Honduran Foreign Ministry in order to notify the incident. Definitive confiscation of fishing found on motor-vessel. District Attorney's office remanded vessel's Captain to custody until fines were paid.
35	7 November 1996	Lat. 14°57'N Long. 81°55'W	<i>Lady Miral</i> Honduras			Colombian Diplomatic Note of 10 January 1997, to Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry, concerning capture of fishing vessel affiliated to Colombian company Antillana S.A., established in San Andrés, by Nicaraguan coastguard vessel. The vessel was forced to move to 82°13' latitude, and the Captain was forced to sign a testimony declaring the incident took place in the aforesaid latitude.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
36	27 November 1996	Lat. 13°47'N Long. 81°50'W	<i>Miss Tina</i> / Colombia			Colombian Diplomatic Note DM.VA. N° 004313 of 29 January 1997, to Nicaragua. The version from Nicaraguan authorities is that the vessel was intercepted at the coordinates of 13° 43'N 82° 00'Nicaraguan Note of reply N° 970061 of 11 February 1997. Resolution No 002-97 issued by Nicaraguan authority setting a fine of USD \$ 50.000.00.
37	4 April 1997	Lat. 14°30' and 14°42' N Long. 81°45' and 81°53'W	<i>Liberty belle,</i> <i>Ocean Tagle</i> <i>y Kendra J.</i> / Honduras			Colombian Diplomatic Note N° DM 37678 of 18 July 1997, to Nicaragua. Protest due to incident involving vessels affiliated to Colombian company King Crab, pursued by a Nicaraguan patrol. Pursuit ended when presence of Colombian Air Force plane was detected. Nicaraguan Note of reply N° 9700532 of 13 August 1997.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
39	20 October 1997	Lat. 15°52'N Long. 78°40'W	<i>Blue Diamond</i> / Honduras	ARC <i>Quindío</i>	Port Captainty of San Andrés, Resolution N° 154-CP7-OFJUR-97 of 4 November 1997. Confirmed by decision on Appeal of 28 November 1997	Fine in the amount of COP \$10.320.300 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.
40	28 October 1997	Lat. 14°11'15"N Long. 81°59'43"W	<i>Gulf Sun</i> / Colombia			Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° 9700765 of 30 October 1997 expressed the vessel was captured at Latitude 14°11'15" N, Longitude 081°59'43"W, at 120 m off the 82°W meridian. Colombian Diplomatic Note N° DM 065660 of 23 December 1997.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
42	5 September 1998	Serrana Cay	<i>Laura Ann</i> / Honduras	<i>ARC Pedro de Heredia</i>	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Decision of 26 March 1999	Fine in the amount of COP \$1.655.220 for violating Merchant Marine regulations, trade legislation, as well as regulations banning fishing with autonomous and semi-autonomous diving equipment.
43	19 February 1999	Northwest of Quitasueño	<i>Capitán Elo</i> / Honduras with authorization to fish in Nicaragua waters	<i>ARC Sirius II</i>	Maritime Director-General. Decision, on appeal, of 14 May 1999, confirming initial decision of 25 February 1994, issued by the Port Captaincy of San Andrés	Fine in the amount of COP \$7.093.800 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities. Diplomatic Note from Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua MRE/99/ 00093. Expressed the capture occurred on the 19 th day of February of the present year, at the position of Latitude 14°20'00"N and Longitude 082°00'00"W

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
46	19 August 1999	Serranilla Cay	<i>Davis Line</i> / Panama	ARC CTCIM J.E. Márquez D.	Port Captainty of San Andrés, Resolution N° 073-CP/-OFJUR-99 of 31 August 1999	Fine in the amount of COP \$945.840 for engaging in white fishing with divers, due to ban on use of autonomous diving equipment for fishing issued by Colombian authorities.
47	24 October 2000	Lat. 15°56'N Long. 79°41'W	<i>Vencedor</i> / Dominican Republic	ARC Porto	Port Captainty of San Andrés, Resolution N° 114 CP7-OFJUR-00 of 2 November 2000. Confirmed by Resolution N° 124-CP7-OFJUR-00 of 14 December 2000, deciding on an appeal.	Fine in the amount of COP\$26.010.000 for carrying out fishing activities and operating in Colombian waters without prior authorization from relevant authorities.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
48	25 October 2001	Lat. 14°79'N Long. 81°57'W	<i>Danny Jr /</i> Nicaragua	ARC Pablo José de Porto	Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Resolution N° 062-CP7-OF JUR- 01 of 9 November 2001	Fine in the amount of COP \$8.580.000 for entering and fishing in Colombian waters without permit, and fleeing from Colombian Naval authorities and fine in the amount of COP \$5.148.000, payable by the vessel's Captain and/or the maritime agent and definitive confiscation of fishing products found onboard. Protest by Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note No MRE/DGSTJI/1125/11/01 of November 2 2001. Expressed the capture occurred at the position of Latitude 14°35'00"N and Longitude 82°15'00"W.

N°	DATE OF INCIDENT	LOCATION	VESSEL / FLAG	INTERVENING UNIT OF THE COLOMBIAN NAVY	LEGAL PROVISION IMPOSING PENALTY	COMMENTS
50	14 December 2002	Lat. 14°52'00"N Long. 81°28'00"W	<i>Charly Junior IV</i> /Nicaragua			Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° MRE/DM-JI/1703/12/02, of 16 December 2002. Likewise request investigate for the reported the presence, on 14 December of a Colombian Coast Guard vessel at the position of latitude 13°45'00" and longitude 082°06'00". Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° MRE/DM-JI/1718/12/02 of 20 December 2002. Colombian Diplomatic Note N° DM/48071 of 23 December 2002. Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° MRE/DM-JI/1719/12/02 of 26 December 2002. Colombian Diplomatic Note N° DM.VR/48608 of 27 December 2002. Nicaraguan Diplomatic Note N° MRE/DM-JI/076/01/03 of 17 January 2003.

**INCIDENTS INVOLVING VESSELS RUNNING AGROUND IN AREAS OF THE SAN ANDRES
ARCHIPELAGO**

Date of Incident	Location	Vessel / Flag	Intervening Unit of the Colombian Navy	Legal provision imposing penalty	Comments
30 September 1971	Lat. 14°27'N Long. 80°18'W North Cay, Serrana	<i>Nicodemos</i> / Liberia	ARC 20 de Julio	Colombian Navy, Merchant Marine Division, Office of Investigation. Decision of 23 November 1971.	Docket file N° 001 de 1971, for the infraction of Running Aground on Serrana. The incident was declared as fortuitous.
7 October 1989	Lat. 13°31'N Long. 80°02'W	<i>Nordfels</i> / Singapore	ARC Pedro de Heredia	Maritime Director- General, Decision of 27 September 1990, confirming the orders of 25 May 1989 and 12 July 1990 issued by the Port Captaincy of San Andrés.	Finds the ship's Captain and Second Officer in command responsible for running aground on Roncador, and holds them liable for investigation costs and resulting damages.

2 May 1994	Lat. 14°21'N Long. 80°17.5'W	<i>Ana María</i> / Ecuador		Maritime Director- General, Decision of 24 March 1995, confirming decision of 26 September 1994 issued by the Port Captaincy of San Andrés.	Finds the ship's Captain responsible for running aground, liable for the resulting oil spill and imposes a fine in the amount of COP \$1.794.000.
20 November 1995	Lat. 12°10'N Long. 81°50'W	<i>Caribe I</i> / Belize		Port Captaincy of San Andrés, Decision of 1 December 1995.	Fine in the amount of COP \$118.933.50, after assessing Captain's responsibility for running aground in proximity to Alburquerque.

Appendix 9

LIST OF MAPS PUBLISHED BY THE *INSTITUTO GEOGRÁFICO AGUSTÍN CODAZZI - IGAC* (GEOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE OF COLOMBIA)

Tables on pages to follow

MAP NAME	YEAR	SCALE	SOURCES/COMMENTS
<p>Mapa de la República de Colombia (Map of the Republic of Colombia)</p>	<p>1951</p>	<p>1 : 1 500 000</p>	<p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used. IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases. Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders. Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York. Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.</p>
<p>Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)</p>	<p>1958</p>	<p>1 : 1 500 000</p>	<p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used. IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases. Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders.</p>

				<p>Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York.</p> <p>Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.</p>
<p>Mapa Gravimétrico de la República de Colombia (Gravimetric Map of the Republic of Colombia)</p>	1959	1 : 1 500 000	<p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.</p> <p>IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases.</p> <p>Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders.</p> <p>Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York.</p> <p>Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.</p>	
<p>Mapa Vial de Colombia (Road Map of Colombia)</p>	1960	1 : 1 500 000	<p>On the basis of 1946 edition, published by the Ministry of Public Works.</p> <p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.</p>	
<p>Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)</p>	1962	1 : 1 500 000	<p>Aerial Photogrammetric bases.</p> <p>Cartographic bases.</p>	
<p>Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)</p>	1963	1 : 1 500 000	<p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.</p> <p>IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases.</p> <p>Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders.</p>	

				<p>Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York.</p> <p>Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.</p>
<p>Mapa de la República de Colombia (Map of the Republic of Colombia)</p>	1965	1 : 1 500 000	Relief edition.	
<p>Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)</p>	1967	1 : 1 500 000	<p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.</p> <p>IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases.</p> <p>Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders.</p> <p>Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York.</p> <p>Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.</p>	
<p>Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)</p>	1968	1 : 1 500 000	<p>For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.</p> <p>IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases.</p> <p>Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders.</p> <p>Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York.</p> <p>Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.</p>	

Mapa Vial de Colombia (Road Map of Colombia)	1969	1 : 1 500 000	On the basis of IGAC's 1960 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa Físico Político de la República de Colombia (Physical-Political Map of the Republic of Colombia)	1970	1 : 1 500 000	
Mapa de Colombia en Relieve (Relief Map of Colombia)	1971	1 : 1 500 000	
Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)	1971	1 : 1 500 000	For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used. IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases. Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders. Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York. Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.
Mapa Físico Político – Carta Isogónica (Physical-Political Map – Isogonic Chart)	1971	1 : 1 500 000	For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used. IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases. Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders. Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New

			York. Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.
Mapa Vial de Colombia (Road Map of Colombia)	1971	1 : 1 500 000	On the basis of IGAC's 1969 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa Físico (Physical Map)	1972	1 : 1 500 000	For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used. IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases. Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders. Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York. Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.
Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)	1972	1 : 1 500 000	For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used. IGAC's aerial photogrammetric bases. Charts prepared by the Office of Longitudes and Borders. Map 1 : 1 000 000 of the American Geographical Society, New York. Topographic data furnished by Colombia's military and other institutions.
Mapa Vial de Colombia	1973	1 : 1 500 000	On the basis of IGAC's 1971 edition.

(Road Map of Colombia)				For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa Vial de Colombia (Road Map of Colombia)	1976	1 : 1 500 000		On the basis of IGAC's 1973 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa Físico Político – Carta Isogónica (Physical-Political Map – Isogonic Chart)	1976	1 : 1 500 000		On the basis of IGAC's 1971 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Tolú	1978	1 : 1 500 000		Cartographic basis: IGAC's 1958 edition on a scale of 1 : 25 000
Mapa División Político Administrativa (Map of Political- administrative divisions)	1979	1 : 1 500 000		On the basis of IGAC's earlier edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa de Colombia en Relieve (Relief Map of Colombia)	1980	1 : 1 500 000		
San Andrés y Providencia	1981	1 : 25 000		Cartographic basis: IGAC's 1980 edition on a scale of 1 : 25 000
Intendencia de San Andrés y Providencia (Intendancy of San Andrés and Providencia)	1981	1 : 20 000		Prepared on the basis of 1979 Map of Political-administrative divisions.
Mapa Físico Político – Carta Isogónica	1983	1 : 1 500 000		On the basis of IGAC's 1983 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and

(Physical-Political Map – Isogonic Chart)				astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa Gravimétrico de la República de Colombia (Gravimetric Map of the Republic of Colombia)	1983	1 : 1 500 000		In collaboration with the Inter-American Geodetic Service. On the basis of IGAC's 1983 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
	1983			
Mapa de la Distribución del Brillo Solar (Sun Brightness Distribution Map)	1986	1 : 1 500 000		On the basis of IGAC's 1983 edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Mapa Físico (Physical Map)	1993	1 : 1 500 000		On the basis of IGAC's earlier edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.
Departamento Archipiélago de San Andrés, Providencia y Santa Catalina (Archipelago Department [province] of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina)	1994	1 : 20 000		Cartographic base on a 1 : 5 000. Aerial photographs of 1990.
Mapa Vial y Turístico Costa Atlántica	1995-1998	1 : 1 500 000		Prepared on the basis of IGAC's 1973 edition.

(Road and Tourism Map of the Atlantic Coast)				
Mapa Entidades Territoriales (Map of Territorial Entities, i.e., political division)	2006	1 : 1 500 000	On the basis of IGAC's earlier edition. For control, a net of points formed by triangulation angles and astronomical positions determined throughout the country was used.	
Mapa Físico Político (Physical-Political Map)	2006	1 : 1 500 000		

Appendix 10

LIST OF SURVEY CRUISES CARRIED OUT BY THE COLOMBIAN NAVY IN THE AREA OF THE ARCHIPELAGO OF SAN ANDRÉS

1984 - Geodetic control in the San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serrana, East-Southeast (Bolívar), Albuquerque and Quitasueño.

1984 - 1st Hydrographic Cruise of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia. Survey and mapping of its southern area up to San Andrés on the west, and up to Bolívar Cay (Albuquerque) on the east.

1985 - 2nd Hydrographic Cruise of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia. Survey and mapping of the southern area up to the north of Providencia Island.

1985 - 3rd Hydrographic Cruise of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia. Chart COL 208. Survey and mapping of the central area from the north of Providencia to the northwest and southeast of Quitasueño.

1985 - 4th Hydrographic Cruise of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia. Survey of the area of Serrana and Quitasueño.

1985 - 5th Hydrographic Cruise of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia. Leveling of survey project progress in relation to scheduled activities.

1992 - Hydrographic Cruise of Serranilla. Chart COL 208. Hydrographic survey and mapping of the area of the entire bank and support to Navy units on Serranilla cay.

1996 - ARC “Providencia” Hydrographic Cruise of Bajo Alicia. Hydrographic survey and mapping of Chart COL 206 – Bajo Alicia. Feb.96

1995-1997 - Submarine geo-morphological study of the Archipelago

1999 - ARC “Providencia” Hydrographic Cruise of Bajo Nuevo cays and banks. Chart COL 638. The verification and relocation of the existing lighthouse on the island was performed, as well as the location of the breakers, shoals and shipwrecks in the zone. March 99

1999 - ARC “Providencia” ARC “Sondaleza” Hydrographic Cruise of Quitasueño. Data collection for preparation and publication of Chart COL 416. August-September 99

1999-2000 - ARC "Providencia" ARC "Sondaleza" Hydrographic Cruise of Serranilla. Data collection for preparation and publication of Chart COL 634.

2001. ARC "Providencia". Hydrographic Cruise of approach to San Andres and Santa Catalina Island. COL 628. November 2001

2002 - Hydrographic Cruise "Arco Luna Verde" (Green Moon Arc) in the area of the 82nd meridian and the 15th parallel for publication of Chart COL 419 – General Area of Quitasueño.

2003 - Hydrographic Cruise of Roncador Cay. Data collection and processing for updating and publishing Chart COL 626.

2007 - Hydrographic Cruise of the Island of Providencia and Serranilla Cay. Within the scope of the project for generating basic national cartography. High-frequency Monohaz (single-beam) System with the aid and support of the Navy ship ARC Quindío.

Appendix 11

LIST OF CHARTS OF THE AREA OF THE ARCHIPELAGO OF SAN ANDRÉS BY THE COLOMBIAN NAVY

Chart of the Island of San Andrés: COL 200. 1st edition in 1972. Based on the hydrographic surveys carried out by the Navy ship ARC *Quindío* in 1969 and 1971, with the cartographic assistance of the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. Scale 1:10.000.

Chart of the Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia: COL 004. 1st edition in 1986. In collaboration with the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia and with the assistance of the Inter-oceanic Geodetic Service. Scale 1:600.000, using several bathymetric sources, particularly from the survey carried out by Colombian Navy ships ARC *Malpelo* and ARC *Providencia* in 1985 and 1986, and other charts previously surveyed and mapped by the Navy.

Chart of Archipelago of San Andrés and Providencia: COL 004. 2nd edition in January 2000. Includes the latest surveys carried out by the Colombian Navy up to 1999 and the names of some submarine features in the area.

Chart of Serrana Bank and Cays: COL 580. Published in 1988 by DIMAR in collaboration with the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. Scale 1:20.000. The chart covers the western end of Serrana Bank and Serrana Cay. The bathymetric data gathered in 1986 and the aerial photographs taken by the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia in 1984 were used.

Chart of Roncador Bank and Cay: COL 579. Scale 1:20.000. In collaboration with the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. The chart covers in detail the northern sector of the bank and Roncador Cay. Bathymetric information based on hydrographic surveys of the Navy carried out in 1986.

Chart of Albuquerque Cays: COL 203. Scale 1:20.000. Published in 1991 by DIMAR in collaboration with the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. It covers the entire bank of Albuquerque and the North and South cays thereon. Based on surveys of the Navy carried out in 1987.

Chart of Providencia inner port: COL 218. Published in 1991 by DIMAR in collaboration with the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. The chart shows the Islands of Providencia and Santa Catalina and the cays located in the immediate vicini-

ty. Based on the bathymetric surveys carried out in 1984, 1986 and 1991 by the Navy. Scale 1:10.000.

Chart of Bolivar Cay (East-Southeast): COL 204. Published in 1992 by DIMAR in collaboration with the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. Based on surveys carried out by the Navy in 1987 and contains data from Chart COL 201 of 1972. The chart shows a large section of Bolivar Bank and the Bolivar and East Cays thereon. Scale: 1:20.000.

Chart of Serranilla Cay: COL 208. Published in 1996 by DIMAR. The chart covers the southern sector of Serranilla Bank and the Serranilla Cays. Bathymetric data based on survey carried out by the Navy in 1992 and British Admiralty surveys dating back to 1835.

Chart of Bajo Alicia: COL 206. Published by DIMAR in 1996. Based on surveys carried out by the Navy in 1996, and contains some bathymetric information of the British Admiralty. The chart shows Bajo Alicia. Scale: 1:50.000.

Chart of El Cove inlet, San Andrés Island: COL 202. Published in 1997 by DIMAR, based on surveys carried out by the Navy in 1996. The chart covers the El Cove inlet, on the western sector of the Island of San Andrés. Scale: 1:5.000.

Chart of San Andrés Port: COL 200. 2nd edition. Published in 1997 by DIMAR, based on hydrographic surveys carried out by the Navy in 1996. The chart shows the access channel to the Port of San Andrés. The coastline was based on topographic data from the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia. Scale: 1:7.500

Chart of the Islands of San Andrés and Providencia: COL 1624. Bathymetric chart published in 1998 by DIMAR. Based on hydrographic surveys carried out by the oceanographic Navy ships ARC *Malpelo* and ARC *Providencia* in 1986 and 1987. The chart shows the submarine geological formations located between the Cays of Albuquerque and the Island of Providencia, including their names. Scale: 1:200.000

Chart of Serranilla and Bajo Nuevo: COL 046. Published in 1998 by DIMAR. Based on hydrographic surveys carried out by the Navy in 1996 and bathymetric data compiled from previous Navy charts. The chart covers the Bank and Cays of Serranilla, Bajo Alicia, and the Banks and Cays of Bajo Nuevo. Scale: 1:250.000. The chart contains the limits between Colombia and Honduras, and Colombia and Jamaica (it also includes the Colombia-Jamaica Joint Regime Area).

Chart from Old Providence Island to South-Southwest (Albuquerque) Cays: COL 044. Published in 1998 by DIMAR. Compilation of charts COL 203, COL 204, COL 201 and COL 218. Bathymetric data from the surveys carried out by the Navy in 1986. The Chart shows South-Southwest Cays (Albuquerque), East-Southeast Cays, Island of San Andrés and Old Providence Island. Some submarine features, identified by names are included. The 82nd meridian limit is also depicted. Scale: 1:250.000.

Chart of Serrana Bank and Old Providence Island: COL 045. Published in 1998 by DIMAR. Based on hydrographic surveys carried out by the Navy between 1984 and 1986 by the oceanographic Navy ships *ARC Malpelo* and *ARC Providencia* and with information compiled from Charts COL 218, COL 579, COL 580 and DMA Chart 28050. Some submarine features, identified by names are included. Scale: 1:250.000

Chart of San Andrés Island: COL 201. Published in 1998 by DIMAR. Based on hydrographic surveys carried out by the Navy in 1996 and 1998. The chart shows the entire Island of San Andrés. The coastline is based on topographic plates prepared by the “Agustín Codazzi” Geographic Institute of Colombia in 1992.

Chart from Rosalinda Bank to San Andrés Island: COL 008. Published in 1998 by DIMAR, based on Colombian Charts COL 046, COL 004, COL 002 and 4 DMA charts. Some submarine topography with its Colombian-given names is shown. The chart shows Colombia’s maritime limits with Costa Rica, Honduras and Jamaica, including the Colombia-Jamaica Joint Regime Area. The 82nd meridian limit with Nicaragua is also shown. Scale: 1:1.000.000

Chart of Colombia’s maritime jurisdiction: COL 1000. Published in 1988 by DIMAR. The chart shows all of Colombia’s maritime limits in the Caribbean Sea as well as in the Pacific Ocean, and the largest submarine features with their names. Scale: 1:1.750.000

1999 - ARC “Batimetric survey approach Port of San Andrés”

Bathymetric chart of Quitasueño and Serrana Banks: COL 1625. Published in 1999 by DIMAR, Based on hydrographic surveys carried out by the Navy between 1984 and 1986 by the oceanographic Navy ships *ARC Malpelo* and *ARC Providencia* in 1984, 1985 and 1986. The chart shows submarine features between Quitasueño and Serrana Banks, with their names, and includes a geo-morphological description of the area. Scale: 1:250.000

Bathymetric Chart Serranilla-Bajo Nuevo: COL 1626. Published by DIMAR in 1999. The chart shows the submarine features located between Serranilla and Bajo Nuevo, along with their names and includes a geo-morphological description of the area. Scale: 1:250.000

Chart of Quitasueño: COL 215. Published in 2000 by DIMAR. Based on hydrographic surveys received by the Colombian Center for Oceanographic and Hydrographic Research (Spanish acronym, CIOH) in 1999. Northern sector of Quitasueño is shown, where the northern lighthouse is located. Scale: 1:25.000.

Chart of Quitasueño Bank: COL 416. Published in 2000 by DIMAR 2000. Based on surveys carried out by the Colombian Center for Oceanographic and Hydrographic Research (Spanish acronym, CIOH) in 1999. The chart shows the entire area of Quitasueño. Scale: 1:100.000

Chart of Quitasueño (Southern sector): COL 630. Published in 2000 by DIMAR. Based on surveys carried out by the Colombian Center for Oceanographic and Hydrographic Research (Spanish acronym, CIOH) in 1999. The chart shows the southern sector of Quitasueño. Scale: 1:50.000

Chart of Quitasueño (Northern sector): COL 631. Published in 2000 by DIMAR. Based on surveys carried out by the Colombian Center for Oceanographic and Hydrographic Research (Spanish acronym, CIOH) in 1999. The chart shows the northern sector of Quitasueño.

Approach to Serranilla Bank: COL 634. Published in 2000 by DIMAR 2000. Based on surveys carried out by the Colombian Center for Oceanographic and Hydrographic Research (Spanish acronym, CIOH) in 1986, 1992 and 1999, and on information compiled from DIMAR charts and the 1983 survey carried out by the British Admiralty. The chart shows the 12-mile territorial sea line, the limits of the Colombia-Jamaica Joint Regime Area and a sector of the delimitation line with Honduras. Scale: 1:75.000

Bathymetric Chart of the Southwest Caribbean (western sector): COL 1601. Published in 2000 by DIMAR, based on several hydrographic sources, both Colombian and foreign. The chart contains a geo-morphological description of the area. Scale: 1:1.000.000

Chart of Colombia's insular areas: COL 1205. Published in 1998 by DIMAR. The chart shows Colombia's most important islands both in the Caribbean Sea as well in the Pacific Ocean. Of the San Andrés Archipelago, San Andrés Island is shown. 1st edition, on a scale of 1:50000. Subsequent editions on a scale of 1:75000.

Appendix 12

LIST OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT BY THE COLOMBIAN NAVY IN THE AREA OF THE SAN ANDRÉS ARCHIPELAGO

1972 - ARC "San Andres" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serrana, Serranilla and Quitasueño. CICAR I-72 Operations Order 042-CFNA-72 5 10-22 April 1972

1972 - ARC "San Andres" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serranilla, Serrana, Bajo Nuevo and Quitasueño. .Oceano II 16-28 August 1972

1972 - ARC "San Andres" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serrana Serranilla and Quitasueño. CICAR II-72 14-30 October 1972

1973 - ARC "San Andres" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serrana and Quitasueño. CICAR III- 3-14 March 1973

1975 - ARC "San Andres" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serranilla, East-Southeast, Albuquerque, Roncador, Serrana, Bajo Nuevo and Quitasueño. .OCEANO IV 15-23 October 75.

1981 - ARC "San Andres" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Alburquerque, East-Southeast, Albuquerque, Roncador, Quitasueño Serrana, Serranilla. Bajo Nuevo. .Oceano V 23 September 23 October 81.

1983 - ARC "Providencia" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serranilla, East-Southeast, Albuquerque, Roncador, Serrana, Bajo Nuevo and Quitasueño, .Oceano VI 8-30 June 1983

1983 September- Océano VI (Ocean V) Area I Cruise. Meteorology, biology, physical and chemical oceanography. Study of the oceanographic, meteorological and chemical conditions of the area, with the purpose of establishing the hydrodynamic and meteorological parameters of the Archipelago. Fishing research in Colombian jurisdictional areas.

1983 - ARC "Malpelo" The San Andrés Archipelago. On San Andres and Providence islands, Roncador, Quitasueño, Serrana, Est-South East. Oceano VII 13-27 October 83.

1984 - ARC "Malpelo" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Roncador, Serrana, Quitasueño, Serranilla, Oceano VIII 7-29 February 84.

1984 - ARC "Malpelo" The San Andrés Archipelago. On the islands of San Andrés and Providencia, and the cays of Bajo Nuevo, Serrana, Serranilla, Quitasueño, Rosalind, Roncador, East-Southeast, Albuquerque, Alicia Oceano IX 7-29 February 84.

